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☞ Remittances by mail, *when in registered letters*, at our risk. The money must be remitted with the order for advertising or paper.

NEW BOOKS.—We are indebted to L. A. Civill, 431 Main street, for several books, which we cannot notice beyond their titles, for want of space. They are "Live it Down," a story of the bright lands, by J. C. Jeaffreson, author of Isabel, The Young Wife and the Old Love, Oline Blake's Good Work, &c.; "The Bivouac and the Battle-field," or Campaign Sketches in Virginia and Maryland, by Captain George F. Noyes, of the United States Volunteers; "The Social Condition and Education of the People in England," by Joseph Kay, of Trinity College, Cambridge; and "Husband and Wife," or the Science of Human Development through Inherited Tendencies, by the author of The Parent's Guide, &c. The last is from the press of Carleton, of New York, and the others are issued by Harper & Brothers.

☞ One of the guests at the Eldridge House, in Lawrence, Kansas, gives an account of the robbery of the boarders at the house, who were all marched out of their rooms and arranged in the hall: "Presently a bushwhacker came up the stairs, pansed upon the landing, and looked us over. It was Quantrell, the terror of the border, and a former citizen of the town. To some old acquaintances he spoke civilly enough, and with two or three shook hands, assuring us that we were entirely safe, and should receive complete protection from personal violence. Quantrell would pass anywhere for a well-looking man, and exhibits in his countenance no traces of native ferocity. He is of medium height, well built, and very quiet and even deliberate in speech and motion. His hair is brown, his complexion fresh, and his cunning but pleasant blue eyes and acquiline nose give to his countenance its chief expression. During the few moments which he spent with us at this time he conversed freely about himself and the present expedition, receiving with marked complacency some compliments on the completeness of his present success, and not hesitating to express his consciousness that it was by far the greatest of his exploits. He desired especially to know whether Gov. Carney was in the city, and finally left us, taking with him one of our party to guide some of his men whom he was about to send in search of Jim Lane."

☞ Lord Clyde, better known as Sir Colin Campbell, entered the British army when a mere boy, as an Ensign, served under Sir John Moore in Portugal, and under the Duke of Wellington in Spain. In the Russian war his name became prominent as a leader of the Highland brigade at the battle of the Alma, and for his splendid repulse of the Russian cavalry at the battle of Balaclava. He was appointed commander-in-chief of the British army in India, and it was here he achieved the triumph of his military life by the skill and daring with which he suppressed the great Sepoy rebellion. For this he was raised to to the Peerage with the title of Lord Clyde, and a few months before his death he was appointed a Field Marshal.

☞ The report from Richmond that the rebel privateer Georgia had sunk the Vanderbilt is discredited by the New York Post, which says if such an action had taken place, with such results, the world would have known it long ago, by a flourish of trumpets from the numerous rebels and sympathizers who are found in the West Indies. Moreover, the Vanderbilt was so strongly built that she could not well be sunk by a broadside; she was too swift to be taken at disadvantage by the Georgia, a vessel of inferior speed. It is far more likely that she would have run down the Georgia.

☞ It is said that Edward Lloyd, a wealthy Welshman, well known on the London stock exchange, blew his brains out in despair at losses by the Confederate loan. We don't believe a word of it. If Mr. Lloyd dabbled in the rebel loan, he may have shattered his skull with a pistol, but he didn't blow out a particle of brains.

☞ 'Tis said that thirty or forty thousand of the Army of the Potomac were in New York City while the draft was going on there. If certain rumors in regard to the movements of Lee's army are true, 'tis high time for them to be back again.

☞ Mr. Mason recently left London for Dublin with the probable intention of returning home. The day before his departure from London the rebel loan fell there to 30 per cent discount. 'Twas quite time for him to be going.

☞ An order has been issued for the removal of cotton from Charleston, as its presence is considered dangerous during a bombardment.

☞ Two Democratic papers in Iowa, the Council Bluffs Bugle and the Dubuque Herald, refuse to support Tuttle for Governor.

☞ A Western paper having run short of copy has taken to publishing a revised and corrected edition of the Gospel of St. Luke.

☞ It seems that Patti was born in Spain. That's why the Spanish queen caused her to be engaged to sing in Madrid this winter.

☞ The spectral illusion at the Boston Theatre is kept up as lively as ever. The people are not disposed to give up the ghost.

☞ The fine arts have experienced a severe loss by the death in Paris of M. Eugene Delacroix of consumption.

☞ Our fellows were after Mosby, the guerilla, a long time. But they have at last run him into the ground.

☞ A government contractor named Pichl, of Pittsburg, has absconded with $90,000 obtained by forgeries.

☞ Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson declines a renomination for the Attorney Generalship of New York.

☞ Lieutenant Frederick Rodgers has been detached from the Kinee and ordered to the Mendota.

☞ The word canteen is said to be a corruption of the words tin-can. It has a French polish.

☞ The New York One Hundred and Seventy-seventh regiment are en ronte for home.

☞ There are now in Indianapolis, counting convalescents and all, about 8,000 soldiers.

☞ Capt. Thos. F. Craven, U. S. N., has been promoted to Commodore, from July 16th, 1862.

☞ We publish below two important sections of the game law. It behooves sportsmen, keepers of game depots and restaurants, to beware of violating this act, as we understand an association of sportsmen is in contemplation for the purpose of raising and keeping a sufficient fund to be used in the vigorous prosecution of all offenders:

AN ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF SMALL BIRDS AND OTHER GAME.

22. That it shall be unlawful, on the lands of another person, at any time after the *first day of March*, and before the *first day of October*, of each year, to catch, kill, or in any manner destroy, or pursue with such inteat, any quail, partridge, or pheasant, or at any time after the first day of May, and before the fifteenth day of September, of each year, to catch, kill, destroy, or pursue any wild goose, wood duck, teal, or other wild duck; or at any time after the first day of January, and before the first day of June, of each year, to catch, kill, destroy, or pursue any woodcock, or to have in possession, or to expose for sale any of the birds or game mentioned in this act during the time that the killing of the same is prohibited: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall prevent the killing at any time of birds of prey, crows, or blackbirds.

24. That any persons violating the foregoing provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine of not less than one dollar nor more than fifteen, with costs of suit.

☞ The reported death of Mosby is not generally believed in Washington.

[From the London Times.]

THE CAPTURE OF NENA SAIB.—The news received by the last mail from India contains an incident which will be received by all England with stern but legitimate satisfaction. It is stated so positively as to be almost beyond doubt, that Nena Saib, of Bithoor, the perpetrator of the massacres of Cawnpore, has been captured at Ajmere, in the Rajpootana country, and is now a prisoner awaiting his trial. Although there seems sometimes a strange difficulty in recognizing these Asiatics, particularly after a lapse of time, Nena Saib must be so well known a man that we can hardly believe that a mistake has been made.

It might be possible to hang a pseudo Tantia Topee, since that daring warrior suddenly appeared in the field and was personally unknown to his captors. But Nena Saib, the master of Bithoor, the adopted son of the ex-Peishwah of Poonah, the persevering plaintiff against the East India Company for the continuance of his adopter's pension, and in former days the guest and host of many Englishmen, is a person whose identity it must be possible to establish beyond a doubt. At any rate, of this we may be sure—that at the present time of profound quiet care will be duly taken to make no mistake, and that a wrong man will not suffer in the place of one whose face must be well known to hundreds.

Assuming, then, that this man is really Nena Saib, his career, as described by the Indian press, is most extraordinary. It appears that, instead of being a fugitive in the kingdom of Nepaul, or wearing out a life of obscurity and misery in some plebeian disguise, he has been intriguing in various parts of India, is in possession of large sums of money, and has been harbored by persons who are his friends, if not his accomplices. He has been, it is said, a guest of the Rajah of Bikaneer, and has even ventured to Poonah, thus daring the full power of the British Government. What his designs have been must be a mystery, for who can penetrate motives of men who unite the most elaborate cunning and restless energy of purpose with profound ignorance, and ideas of politics and war which are like the fancies of a madman?

In the six years' wanderings, which are said to have blanched his outlawed head, Nena Saib has no doubt been continually urged forward by the belief that it is possible to renew the work which failed in 1857, and by a second insurrection to drive the English from India. A man whose whole life has been passed in brooding over supposed wrongs, and has for a few weeks tasted the sweets of revenge, only to be driven afterward into exile or concealment, is not likely to settle down as a contented refugee, even though he may have saved enough from the wreck of his fortune to place him above poverty. Nena Saib, who had once seen the "yellow-faced, narrow-minded people" at his mercy, and issued joyous proclamations on their being "sent to hell," seems to have been driven by an irresistible impulse to attempt the renewal of his exploits.

As the murderer is said to be drawn to the scene of his crime, so the author of the massacre of Cawnpore has been flitting about British India, though a secure asylum was open to him beyond the Northern frontier, or even in some secluded part of the independent States. With the jewels and money that he must have carried off with him when he fled from Havelock's victorious forces, he has been, doubtless, ever since intriguing and bribing; and this ill-gotten wealth—part of it, no doubt, the plunder of the treasury at Cawnpore—has probably attached to him a certain number of followers, who have bought his notions and encouraged him to more. But a new mutiny of the native troops, believed by the native Princes, might yet if supported by British Government. We can overthrow the fascination, since it has been not regret this has been to justice the most infamous of men.

Although six years have passed, and that tale of Cawnpore has been so often told that nothing new can be added, it is impossible to call to mind that event without feelings alone for mournfulness and horror it stands alone in British history. The Black Hole of Calcutta is nothing compared with the massacre on the river and around Cawnpore. It is possible that the former crime was not premeditated, and that the miserable Princes who expiated it with his life did not intend to put an English community to death by suffocation. But the atrocities of Nena Saib were wilful, and marked by every circumstance of cruelty and treachery.

It is probable that he seduced the Cawnpore regiments to mutiny; it is certain that immediately on their mutiny he took command of them, and kept it till he was driven from Cawnpore and Bithoor by the headful of English under General Havelock. For a fortnight he fired into the little garrison of English, and when, in the latter part of June, he found that he could not overcome their resistance, he had recourse to the vilest treachery. Employing as his agent a man named Azimoolah, a Mahomedan, whom many people will remember as his agent in London, and who, at the time of the Crimean disasters, conceived the idea that the last hour of England had come, Nena Saib treated with the garrison merely to get them in his power.

Although the agreement was made in writing, and sworn to by the Nena, he did not scruple to order the massacre on the 26th of June, when the able-bodied men of the garrison were murdered in the boats to which they had been enticed, by the solemn assurance that they were to proceed unmolested to Allahabad. That this massacre was deliberately planned by Nena Saib and Azimoolah, his confidant, there can be no kind of doubt; for not only did he do nothing to prevent it, but a few days after he issued the well known proclamation congratulating both Mahomedans and Hindoos on the destruction of the English. Nor is the still more heinous massacre of the women and children, after his defeat by General Havelock, less certainly his own act.

It is positively testified that the order came from the Nena, who immediately, on the completion of the massacre, retreated to Bithoor. Of this second crime we can hardly bring ourselves to speak. The wounds inflicted on so many families are still fresh, even after the lapse of six years. The incidents are such that the friends have suffered, and still suffer, far more than is the common lot of surviving relatives. We could almost wish that, when all those engaged in the commission of it are brought to justice, the remembrance of it could be blotted out. But dreadful as was the crime, it cannot be imputed to any sudden impulse of a defeated soldiery. All the circumstances show that it was the deliberate work of Nena Saib himself, who thus filled up the measure of his guilt.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]

A THIEVING PARTY.

LAFAYETTE, Ky., Sept. 1, 1863.

The even tenor of our quiet little village was very unexpectedly disturbed last night between the hours of eight and nine o'clock by the sudden entrance of a band of thieves. Although but a very small squad they succeeded, by their boisterous conduct and warlike demonstrations, in so frightening the citizens, many of whom were on the streets, that they had complete sway, and carried off whatever they could pack in their bags, having brought them with them for that purpose, all, too, from the store of H. W. Kelley. This makes the third visit Mr. Kelley has had from such scoundrels. It is well known among them that Mr. K. is unfaltering in his attachment to the Union.

Although we are but eighteen miles from Hopkinsville, twenty from Clarksville, and sixteen from Fort Donelson, yet these scamps are suffered to make these raids without fear or favor. Whose fault it is I do not pretend to say or know. Indeed, it is hard to prevent such when they raise up in a night and the next day are *quiet and peaceable citizens at home*. Some of them were known to be citizens of Tennessee, living at no great distance from here. Two were sons of preachers. If I were to view mankind through secession glasses I should be compelled acknowledge of my belief in *total depravity*, for I am sure it affords an unanswerable argument in favor of that doctrine. SIGMA.

A RURAL GENTLEMAN MAKES A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—A gentleman came to Hartford to attend a convention which met in a public hall. He reached the building in which the hall is situated, but found it difficult to discover the meeting, being puzzled by the winding stairs. He opened various doors on the way up, without getting the right one. Now it so happens that a suite of rooms in the building is occupied by a man and his wife. The wife was in her bed-room, which leads from the hall-way, taking a bath, and was therefore not in proper dress to receive a visitor in her natural Eve costume, when the rural gentleman opened the door to her room, which she had neglected to lock. He had got within the doorway before the lady discovered him, and he was so astooished that he moved neither one way nor the other. She employed the time pretty lively in gathering up some articles of apparel about her person. All of a sudden the wondering mortal at the door burst out: "Madame, I m trying to find the convention in —— Hall, but I judge from appearances this isn't the place." She thought so too.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]

FROM THE ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

CAMP IN SEQUATCHIE VALLEY,
Tennessee, Aug 31, 1863.

All is as quiet in this lovely valley as though war never existed, and I shall avail myself of the opportunity thus afforded of saying a few words to my friends in relation to the present condition and duty of Kentucky. All I say shall be said in kindness, and I trust that all Southern sympathizers will weigh well my words.

Kentucky has just given an overwhelming vote for the Union. It is useless to say that the anti-war party were not allowed to vote. Had every Southern sympathizer and every Kentuckian in the Southern army voted, the majority would still have been overwhelming in favor of the Union. To-day Kentucky is comparatively free from war and from rebels, and we can form no better judgment of how Kentuckians should act than by comparing the relative position of Kentucky soldiers North and South. In the Federal army the Kentucky troops are highly honored; the feelings of the officers and men are respected; still there is scarcely an officer or soldier from Kentucky who does not differ materially in politics from the Administration, and no one is better acquainted with this fact than Mr. Lincoln, yet *he* does not *taunt* Kentuckians with their want of loyalty; he does not allow Major-Generals to impose upon them by always placing them in front in time of battle, and by sneering and scoffing at them when lying idle in camp. On the contrary, what a valuable condition is that of the Kentucky soldier in the rebel army. Let me tell you. At the battle of Stone River, Breckinridge's command, consisting entirely of Kentuckians, was ordered to the front, where their desperate valor had well nigh turned the day and given the victory to the Southern Confederacy. For this they should have received thanks from the South, at any rate. On the contrary, Breckinridge was censured in the official report of the battle by Bragg, and his troops were branded as cowards. So intense is the hatred of the other Southern troops towards the Kentucky and Tennessee men that the latter are obliged to be kept aloof from the other troops in order to prevent mutiny, and the return of the Kentuckians in a mass to their dear old State. Is it not a hard fate for the young men who have perilled their lives in defence of the accursed Confederacy to be scorned by those whom they sacrificed their homes and their honors to help build up? Yet such is their fate. To-day there is scarcely a negro in the South who is not as much respected as any Kentuckian in the rebel army by the secessionists. They are looked upon as traitors; they are denounced as cowards; and the poor men have no alternative left save to lay down their lives for those who hate, scorn, and despise them. Gentle ladies, you who have brothers in the Southern army, is this not a horrible fate for your young brother (he whom you loved so tenderly) to undergo? Mothers, you who have sons who left the paternal mansion to battle against their country, does your heart not bleed with anguish when you think of your son, your noble boy, being browbeat, abused, and denounced by the very men who seduced him from your love, merely to make him a tool to aid in their nefarious designs? Kentuckians, when you remember that it is your friends, schoolmates, companions, brothers, and sons who are thus treated, do you not feel within your hearts a virtuous indignation against the vile conspirators who *dare* to treat Kentuckians thus? If Kentucky soldiers are thus treated, what leniency could those sympathizers expect who kept aloof from danger and aided the cause only with silly words? If the soldier who perils his life for a cause receives no reward or consideration for his services, what in the name of heavens has the civilian to expect? Kentucky, then, has no interest with the so-called Confederacy; those who boast their sympathies with the South, and who defend the cause of secession, must, according to their own doctrines, devote all their energies to the Union or turn traitor to their State. In the South every man is called a traitor who refuses to go with his State. This is extreme Southern ground, and yet if we judge Southern sympathies in Kentucky by this standard what verdict can we pronounce save that of *traitor?* Our State has thrice said in language plain enough for a fool to understand that she is for the Union now and forever; then, my friends, you who profess to sympathize with the rebels remember that your sympathies convict you of being traitors to your State and to the very strongest principle of secession. But to judge you by the plebeian standard, that of loyalty to the whole true and what appalling blackness does your Union record! Our duty is clear as the sun—crime appears in his war until we have one flag, let us wage war until we have one Government for a united one country, and our eyes southward if you please. Turn your eyes Napoleon has reared a throne in America, on American soil, and we are killing each other instead of driving off the subtle fiend who thus seeks to interfere with the freedom and liberties of the people of the American continent; and you secessionists are willing to sacrifice liberty, everything, before you would strive to end this war. I have written more than I intended, and the language used may seem harsh; yet those who *know me* will vouch for the truth of my statement, and those who know me not have but to open their eyes and see for themselves.

OLD SOLDIER.

PIKEVILLE, Tenn., August 29, 1863.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

GENTLEMEN: The object of this communication is not to divulge, if we know, the purposes of the General, but fortunately he keeps well his own counsels. We have steadily moved forward until the left wing, General Crittenden's corps, rests quietly in the Sequatchee Valley, the extreme left at Pikeville. We are almost completely isolated from the rest of the world, feeding ourselves and stock plentifully upon the products of this rich valley, which are very luxuriant. We bring our bacon and a few other articles across the mountains by our wagon supply train, which is kept in constant motion. The condition of the army never was better. Since the soldiers have been furnished with rations of roasting ears diarrhœa has almost entirely ceased.

We are anxiously awaiting and expecting marching orders every day. Of course we know nothing of the movements that will be made, but taking the past as a guaranty for the future, we will go just when we please, led on by such officers as Gen. T. L. Crittenden, Gen. H. P. Vancleve, Col. S. W. Price, of the 21st Kentucky, and a host of other true and tried men, whose gallantry will never be eclipsed by the brilliant deeds of after times. Our men are proud of their commanders, and having every confidence in them, they will move on with a *vim* that will insure success.

All the Kentucky troops in this department were anxious to be at home to participate in the late State election but could not do so; but while we could not do this, we can fully appreciate, with all good and loyal citizens, the glorious victory achieved in our proud old Commonwealth over the no-more-men-no-more-money party; that party that would paralyze our grand army just as we are ready to save the government from certain destruction and place it upon a sure and enduring basis.

If we mistake not the Legislature of Kentucky will convene in a few days, and not being sufficiently posted to know who the prominent candidates for the Speakership of the House are, we would, without consulting him, mention the name of the Honorable George T. Wood, of Hart county, as one eminently qualified for the position. His experience in deliberative bodies, his stern and unflinching Unionism from first to last, under the most trying circumstances, when he was threatened with the loss of land, negroes, personal effects, and even life itself, his fine ability, and last though not least his gentlemanly and dignified deportment, with his unsullied moral character, all command him to the favorable consideration of the members of the House of Representatives.

Col. Wood will, most assuredly, *not* press his claims. He would sacrifice self any time for the good of friend or country. No man has labored more for his country and friends. As we could not contribute to the success of our cause by our votes, we hope that a word from the army will not pass unobserved.

A VOICE FROM THE ARMY.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

EVENING DESPATCHES.

Our Special Despatches.

The Movement on Mobile Abandoned.

An Engagement at Bayou Meteor.

Grant and Thomas gone to visit Banks

Rumor that Banks is going to Texas.

Joe Johnston's Army has Moved.

He May Effect a Junction with Bragg

Steamers Fired upon by Guerillas.

Donaldsonville Sacked by Rebels.

Dan Murray in Command at Mobile.

Bragg is Reported at Atlanta, Ga.

Pemberton Pelted with Rotten Apples

No Definite Advices from Charleston.

Hanging of the Negroes at Columbus.

Important Notice to Cotton Buyers.

Lee receiving Reinforcements Denied

His Army is Depleting by Desertions.

Pirate Florida Repairing at Brest.

Steamer Foundered in Lake Superior.

All on Board Lost Except the Pilot.

Passengers and Crew Numbered 35.

[Special Despatches to the Louisville Journal.]

MEMPHIS, Sept. 3.

By the arrival of the Progress, advices from Bayou Meteor to the 29th, and Duvall's Bluff to the 31st ult., have been received.

General Davidson, with artillery and cavalry numbering about 8,000 men, moved from Brownsville and on the 27th met the pickets of the enemy at a place on Bayou Meteor known as "Bayou Meteor Bridge." The force of rebels was estimated at about 7,000, posted on an eminence quite difficult of access, which commanded the main road to the bridge over which Gen. Davidson intended to move. It was soon apparent to Gen. Davidson, that, in order to gain that point, the enemy must first be dislodged from his position.

Heavy skirmishing continued till toward night, when both armies ceased firing. The casualties, owing to the distance between the threatening armies, were light. Our loss in killed and wounded did not exceed twenty-five men. During the night Gen. Davidson placed his guns in position and early on the morning of the 28th they commenced their work of destruction. It took but a few rounds to satisfy the rebel General commanding of the futility of attempting to hold his position.

Our boys poured grape and shell among the rebels with such impetuosity that, before the middle of the day, they commenced falling back, and before sunset not a butternut soldier, save prisoners, was on the north or east side of Bayou Meteor. As soon as the rebels had gained the opposite side the torch was put to the bridge, and it was soon consumed. The rebel loss in that skirmish was 300 prisoners and 100 killed and wounded, many of whom were left on the field. Our loss is about 30 killed and wounded.

The health of the army is fair.

Gen. Steele was at Duvall's Bluff on the 31 ult. Most of the infantry and artillery were at Bayou Meteor.

We have late advices from New Orleans. Gen. Grant and Gen. Thomas have gone down to New Orleans to visit Gen. Banks.

It is rumored that Gen. Banks is going to Texas, and that Grant will command all the Mississippi river, and capture Mobile.

Joe Johnston's army has moved from the vicinity of "Enterprise," but in what direction is not certainly known, though it is supposed he has abandoned the idea of defending Mobile, and will endeavor to effect a junction with Bragg's army at or near Chattanooga, and that Rosecrans may be set back.

At last accounts the armies of Davidson and Price were approaching, and a collision about 8 or 10 miles from Bayou Meteor was anticipated. The rebel Generals are thus placed: in Arkansas Kirby Smith is in command of the rebel trans-Mississippi Department. He is at Little Rock. Texas is in command of Gen. Magruder, with his headquarters at Galveston. Dick Taylor is in command of the Louisiana district, but has not gone to Price, whose headquarters are at Bayou Meteor, where there are strong fortifications, and where Price proposes to make a desperate defence. Defences are already put up at Little Rock.

The rebels have eleven cars and three engines running on the Little Rock railroad, between Duvall's Bluff and Little Rock. There are said to be quite a large number of steamboats lying at Little Rock and along the Arkansas. The steamboat Planet got aground near Island 95 on her downward trip, and in getting off broke one of her engines. At another point she was fired upon by guerillas and five horses killed. At Morgan's Bend the Atlantic was fired upon by guerillas from the Louisiana shore. Eighteen Minie balls penetrated the upper works.

A soldier received a slight wound in the hip, which was all the damage done.

Parson Barrows, a noted guerilla, burned some 70 bales of cotton about 18 miles from Memphis on Tuesday. The drivers and owners were taken prisoners and carried off.

Last Saturday morning forty armed men returned to Donaldsonville, Tenn., about forty miles from Fort Pillow, and helped themselves to all the goods, clothing, and boots they could take off with them. They threatened to burn the town but did not venture to that experiment.

There have been some half dozen regiments formed in West Tennessee for the Federal army during the past few weeks. Home Guards, for the defence of property and crops, are forming in several counties.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 26.

The reports from the South by scouts are that Johnston's army is scattered along the road between Jackson and Mobile for a hundred miles. It was found impossible to support them all in one body.

Fifteen thousand of Pemberton's troops are required to report at the Demopolis rendezvouz for paroled troops. Breckinridge is advising non-combatants to go North, as they only embarrass the Confederates.

General Dan Murray is in command of the forces at Mobile.

The whole population, both white and black, are at work on the fortifications. Gen. Pemberton attempted to address the people of Demopolis lately, when he was pelted with rotten apples.

The people of Alabama are attempting to hold meetings for reconstruction. One was was held in Irouce, but was dispersed at the point of the bayonet.

There is great suffering in the interior of Mississippi for want of food. The authorities will not allow the people to come within our lines if they can help it. The authorities would rather they would starve.

There is great depression over the loss of the machinery at and near Greuada. The command of Chalmers was sent through, when they fell into the arms of the force sent from Memphis and one from here.

Bragg is reported at Atlanta, Ga. Rosecrans is not even located by rumor.

We have news from Charleston of the 21st. There is nothing definite. Public confidence is shaken. Johnston is compelled to send his North Carolina troops to Savannah or have them desert. About 4,000 of these troops went from here on the 10th. All things look bright in this Department.

Our troops are getting impatient to move. The weather is cool and healthy.

Col. Collierugh, of the staff of Gen. McPherson, Capt. Reed, of the staff of Gen. Grant, and Capt. Day, of Gen. Sherman's staff, went out under a flag of truce to-day to meet Generals Stephens, D. Loo, and Johnson at Canton, Mississippi.

Adjutant-General Thomas and Gen. Grant will leave for New Orleans on a flying trip to-morrow. The health of the troops is good. There is no news of importance. All is working well. We have mounted infantry enough for the full campaign, and will shake the Confederacy to its centre when we give them our next visit.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.

No news from Charleston later than that by the Star of the South has been received. The departments are in hourly expectation of reports of operations against Fort Wagner during last week.

From a deserter belonging to a Georgia regiment in Lee's army we obtain reports from the Rappahannock. He says three brigades were embarking in cars below Fredericksburg, bound for Chattanooga to reinforce Bragg.

Great dissatisfaction existed among the men on account of being sent there. They regard the fall of Chattanooga and retreat of Bragg as certain to happen. Much bad feeling had been aroused by the discriminations made in distributing a quantity of new uniforms which had just run the blockade. They were given to South Carolina and Georgia troops, while other regiments needing them much worse were forced to be content with butternut rags. All light duties have heretofore been given to these same favored troops, while the hard fighting and camp burdens have been borne by other State men. The result is great jealousy and loud-spoken dissatisfaction.

A copy of the Mobile Register of August 19th has been received. It has no important news but contains some growls against Jeff Davis and Pemberton, and various advertisements indicative of the declining conditions of Davisism. Labor is scarce there as well as provisions, and the President of the Chatham Railroad offers one dollar per day for three hundred negroes to work upon the road. Hard wood sells for $24 per cord in Mobile.

The leading city article of the Register ends with the following postcript:

"Go to church to-day and don't forget the prayer for the President. He needs it."

The election in Nevada Territory for delegate to Congress has resulted in the choice of the Union candidate by a large majority.

COLUMBUS, KY., Aug 4.

The negroes, tried before a military commission for the murder of the Brakeman Imhily, were hung to-day early in the morning. A scaffold was erected on the hill below Fort Quimby, which was surrounded by the 21 Tennessee and Arkanens (colored), and detachments of the 16th Iowa and 31st Wisconsin regiments. A large crowd was present, including many women. About 2,500 persons were on the ground. At about 11:30 the 16th Regulars arrived with the prisoners, who were seated upon their coffins in a wagon with their arms tied. The Regulars were then formed in a hollow square about the gallows.

Three negroes, named Lewis Stevenson, Wm. Raich, James Webb, with a negro chaplain, ascended to the platform upon which stood Maj. Rowley and Captain Williams, Provost Marshal. Hymns were sung, prayers offered, the ropes adjusted, and Marshals descended, touching the lever, and three men hung in the air. While preparations were going on the criminals were unaffected and made no demonstrations. One was instantly killed and the others struggled a few minutes.

After hanging half an hour they were taken down and buried in the contraband cemetery. Seven others are in jail awaiting the approval of their sentence. It is not known what will be done with them.

CAIRO, Sept. 5.

The following important notice, in which all cotton buyers are interested, was published at Memphis on the 31 instant:

OFFICE SPECIAL AGENT TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
MEMPHIS, September 2, 1863.

Notice will be taken that all cotton raised in the States of Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, and coming into the State of Tennessee without being duly permitted for abandonment or otherwise, will be seized and confiscated.

This notice is given particularly for the advantage of the planters residing in the vicinity of Memphis, who are importuned to bring their cotton forward for sale, thereby running a great risk of losing it.

Signed, J. H. YATEMAN,
Assistant Special Agent Treasury Department.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.

The Queenstown correspondent of the Herald says it was the pirate Florida which put into Brest, France, for repair.

A despatch from headquarters to the Herald, dated the 6th, says that prisoners deny that Lee is receiving any large reinforcements, and say his army is being rapidly depleted by desertion.

This is also confirmed by citizens who have come into our lines near the river and Culpeper.

Passes for over 5,000 contrabands to go to Washington have been granted since our army came from Maryland. There is scarcely a slave now to be found east of the mountains and north of the Rappahannock who is not too old for service or too worthless to enjoy freedom.

On Friday a portion of Buford's cavalry crossed the river at U. S. Ford and traversed the rebel country some distance but saw no rebel troops except a few pickets, who fled when our cavalry appeared in sight. It is not thought there that the enemy have any troops, save a few cavalry pickets, between the Rappahannock and Rapid Anu Rivers.

The sanitary condition of the army is improving rapidly with the return of cool weather.

The Times' special says the statement made by the Times that Quatermaster Gen. Meigs had been removed by being sent into exile on inspection duty is true.

The statement made by us that the chief of the Ordnance Bureau had also been removed is likewise true. Another great bureau of the War Department will soon have young blood injected into its administration.

A New Orleans letter of August 30th, to the World, describes the military and political situation in the department of the South.

The movement on Mobile would undoubtedly be abandoned. There were no indications of such a movement, and the situation of affairs in the army and navy seemed to preclude the possibility of it. Preparations, however, were going forward suggesting a new and interesting campaign.

The Confederate forces, who, since the evacuation of Brashear City, have not been idle on the other side of the Bay and along the Teache, were understood to be concentrated for an offensive raid or invasion through that part of Louisiana supposed to be held by our forces.

The rebel forces were gathered at St. Martinsville, New Iberia, Franklin, and Camp Brisland. The plan of the rebel campaign is stated by deserters to be a contemplated march into Lafourche, once conquered by Weitzel, and again recently in the hands of Gen. Banks.

FURTHER BY THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.

Liverpool, Aug 26th P. M.—Cotton buoyant and very active, and 1/16@⅛ higher than Friday. Flour dull. Wheat at moderate demand, and about 1@2 p cental lower. Red and winter red Western 8s 2@8s 4d. Corn very active and quiet but 3d lower. Beef quiet and steady. Pork firm and steady. Bacon favors buyers. Lard steady at 5s 6d@5s 6d.

London—Breadstuffs dull. Wheat 1@2s lower than on Friday. Sugar active and firm.

Liverpool, August 27.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions steady. Consols closed at 93 7/8@94 for money. American securities firmer but quiet.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.

The steamer Planet arrived this morning, bringing news that the steamer Snaheata foundered in Lake Superior on the 28th ult. All on board except the wheelsman were lost.

The wheelsman lashed himself to a piece of the wreck, and after floating thirty hours was washed ashore at Portage, twenty miles from the scene of the disaster.

She reports that the Snaheata left Superior City on Thursday. Early next morning, during the gale, the steamer was struck by a heavy sea, which rolled her over on her side.

Small boats were immediately got out and the passengers and crew being put into them when the vessel was struck by another heavy sea and commenced breaking up.

The rescued man saw boats filled with passengers and crew swamm soon after leaving the wreck, and is certain all are lost but himself.

The Planet picked up portions of the wreck, which were floating about for two miles around where the vessel went down. The passengers and crew numbered 35.

The names of those lost as far as ascertained are as follows:

Passengers—A. Sherman and son, and A. Cohen, of Ontonagon. Crew—Dougal, Captain; W. A. Gardner, clerk; Thos. F. Headly, 1st engineer; P. and D. O'Donnell, 1st and 2d mates, of Detroit; W. O. Collins, saloon-keeper; O. M. Hall, cabin boy, of Chicago; James Butler, fireman. The scene of the disaster is located a little northwest of Eagle River, ten miles out.

SARNIA, C. W., Sept. 7.

The steamer City of Cleveland reports the loss of the steamer Sunbeam, last week, on Lake Superior, during a gale.

All the passengers and crew except one wheelman were lost.

CAPE RACE, Sept 5.

The steamer Sciota, from Liverpool the 29th via Queenstown the 30th, passed here this afternoon with three days' later news.

The American ship Anglo-Saxon, from Liverpool for New York, was burned by the Florida 25 miles south of Kinsale.

The latest rumor says the Archduke Maximilian will decline the Mexican throne.

Cotton buoyant, and advanced at 104@12c. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions quiet.

Consols closed at 93 3/4 for money.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 7.

River 23 inches by the metal mark and falling. Weather clear and warm.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 7—M.

River stationary, 4 feet in the channel. It rose 4 inches yesterday. Heavy rain yesterday. Weather clear. Thermometer 78.

CINCINNATI, September 7, M.

Whiskey firm at 17c.

Provisions are held firm, but at prices above buyers' views, and there is very little doing.

New York, Sept. 7, M.

Flour dull and declining; $5@5 25 for extra State and $5 5 for R. H. O. Wheat—receipts 9,300 bushels; market dull and common grades 1@2 lower; sales 1,000 for Chicago spring at $1 12 for Milwaukee club, and $1 16@1 20 for winter red.

Corn—receipts 21,000 bushels; market is better at 71@72c for mixed, delegated at 72@73c. Pork quiet. Beef dull. Lard 9@9 1/8c. Whiskey firm at 50c.

Stocks lower and unsettled. Money active at 7 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet and unchanged. Gold 1 per cent. Certificates 99. U. S. 6's of 1881 (coupon) 106. New York Central 130, Erie 1014.

The Guerilla Raid in Southern Kentucky.

Rebel Force Overstated.

Much uneasiness has been manifested in the last two or three days because of a rumor that a rebel guerilla raid was being meditated upon Southern Kentucky. Capt. Austin, of Jimtown, Ky., was captured by a band of guerillas under the leadership of Col. Hamilton and Capt. Hughes, who are reported to be of the rebel army. He subsequently made his escape from their clutches, and gives some detailed and interesting facts in regard to the enemy's plans and designs, together with a statement of their numbers. He says that the gang are composed in the greater part of disaffected deserters from the rebel army. The balance are citizens of Tennessee and Kentucky. These scoundrels have formed themselves into companies and squads, with a headquarters across the Cumberland. In the night time they cross over on this side and go into the interior of this State, robbing, burning, stealing, and arresting Union citizens. They claim to belong to the rebel army, but the evidence received indicates that only their leaders belong to it. The others are made up as stated above.

After doing their nefarious business, and collecting all the stolen goods and forage they can carry, they recross the river and scatter, coming together again at their rendezvous on the other side, to make another raid when an auspicious season presents itself. Col Harney, of the Thirty

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE.

Green Street, between Third and Fourth.

NOTICE TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The time paid for is printed after the name on each paper, and thus every day subscribers can see when their term of subscription expires. Timely attention to this on the part of those desirous of renewing will prevent much annoyance.

GEO. D. PRENTICE, } Editors.
PAUL R. SHIPMAN, }

TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, 1863.

MOBILE.—We have reason to know, that, according to the present programme, Mobile is to be speedily attacked or at least invested. We attach no importance to the telegraphic rumor that the enterprise has been abandoned. The capture of it would be an immense advantage to the Federal cause and a terrible blow to the rebel Confederacy. It would give the navigation of the Alabama river to our forces all the way up to Montgomery, the capital of Alabama, and, in conjunction with the advance of Rosecrans and Burnside to or toward the same point, place within our all-powerful grasp the very heart and all the other vital organs of the rebellion. The taking of Mobile is in itself of far greater importance than that of Charleston.

But the taking of Mobile, like that of Charleston, is difficult. It is extremely difficult. The city is tremendously protected against attacks both by water and land. Its land or rear defences consist of several series of the strongest fortifications, series within series, several miles in extent, all earth-works like those which have proved so nearly invulnerable upon Morris Island, all constructed upon the most approved principles of military engineering, and all mounted with artillery of the most effective character. The water or front defences consist of powerful forts and numerous batteries mounted with some of the heaviest cannon used in the South during the war, and all sorts of harbor obstructions the most formidable and perilous. The military men in Mobile believe that no fleet in the world could run the gauntlet of the approaches to their harbor.

Thus the undertaking upon which our land and naval forces are about to enter at Mobile is a stupendous one. We assume that a favorable result is certain, but we do not expect it to occur speedily. Ideas of dashing precipitately and madly upon such land and water defences as the experiences of this war have taught the rebels to establish have been exploded at pretty serious cost to us. Of course Mobile, having long been in expectation of the trial to which she is to be subjected, has made preparation for it by the utmost possible accumulation of provisions and ammunition.

☞The meeting of the Board of Trade by adjournment, this evening, at the Mechanics' Institute Library, deserves and will command a full attendance. A communication in to-day's Journal, signed "City and Country," gives cogent reasons for the establishment of a Daily Exchange, and we sincerely hope that the advice which it contains may be adopted. We have doubted the possibility of sustaining the Exchange, but it can be done in the manner suggested by our correspondent. If our business men will be liberal in providing the necessary expenses, and the members of the Board of Trade bind themselves mutually to make up all deficiencies in the income, until the Exchange becomes self-supporting, the city of Louisville and all its business relations will be greatly benefited. We cannot however consistently with our sense of duty forbear to call attention to the previous failures in this same direction. It is true our business was then on the long credit system, which we trust will be hereafter and forever abolished, but all the avenues of trade were open, and the communication to the southward uninterrupted. It may be that the failures of the past have taught us experience, and shown us the necessity of more united action. If so there can be no doubt of the success of a Daily Exchange.

Our correspondent "City and Country," in one particular, mistakes the motives and the temper of those who have advised caution and a prudent delay in the establishment of an Exchange. They have been the most active and zealous in the reorganization of the Board of Trade, and have pledged themselves to its support, independently of the subscription money of members, should it become requisite to make advances. They agree with our correspondent in spirit, but they feel that another *fiasco* would be a stigma upon our city from which she would not recover in many years. They have said that if the majority desires the Daily Exchange, they will pledge themselves to punctual attendance and to the most liberal subscription for its support.

The question is not one of policy, but of time. We have never heard an argument against the establishment of a Daily Exchange; the only subject of discussion has been the proper time for its commencement. The members of the Board of Trade have had several weeks for deliberation; they should all go to the meeting this evening with their minds made up as to the way they will vote. There is no need for further argument; everything that the most enlightened minds in the Board could suggest has already been heard. Let the matter be determined then by a vote, and we feel convinced that the action of the majority will be prudent, and if it is decided to start a Daily Exchange, we pledge our most earnest exertions to render it useful, pleasant, and permanent by keeping full record of its sayings and doings before the public and by adopting the quotations of the Exchange books as the governing prices in our market reports.

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.—It is due to the cause of truth to speak with admiration of the course which has been pursued during our troublous times by our contemporary, the National Intellingencer, at Washington. Such a paper, at headquarters, is instrumental for good in a thousand ways, and deserves the support of conservative men of all parties. We do not always agree with the Intelligencer in politics, but we honor it in its opinions when we do not hold the same. We heard with some apprehension that the loss of its large Southern patronage had seriously crippled the resources of the paper, but we trust that this loss has been or will be more than made up by Northern support, and that the time will speedily come when the Editors may, as formerly, give wise counsels from the seat of government to both North and South. We earnestly commend the Intelligencer to all classes of readers and advertisers, as a paper which ought to be sustained in Washington for the sake of the country, and the principles on which the nation stands, and which that paper faithfully defends.

N. Y. Jour. of Commerce.

We very cordially second this commendation. It is simply just. The National Intelligencer has done and is doing excellent service in the cause of conservatism, as is attested especially by the charge of copperheadism and of disloyalty so freely hurled against the venerable journal by the hot champions of radicalism. Patriotic, candid, judicious, intelligent, and able, the great influence of the Intelligencer has been steadily exerted in behalf of the true interests of the country. "Such a paper at headquarters", as the Journal of Commerce says, "is instrumental for good in a thousand ways, and deserves the support of conservative men of all parties." We sincerely hope it will receive such support.

☞The papers call John Morrissey, the boxer, highly patriotic because, on being drafted, he instructed his banker to give $5,000 for a substitute. There was more vanity than patriotism in the matter. If he wanted to serve his country he might have given $300 for a substitute and expended the remaining part of his $5,000 in hiring twelve or fifteen volunteers. He might have reflected that a man who needs the inducement of $5,000 to become a substitute isn't likely to do any fighting worth a fiftieth part of the money. We think that such a one would be likely to run away after pocketing the cash.

☞A rebel needn't be ashamed of inability to pay his debts. What he calls his "country" is hopelessly insolvent, and what right has he to be better off than his country?

☞We hope that the next time news comes of the capture of Sumpter and Wagner, it will come to stay.

The Louisville Journal is showing what is very marvellous, indeed, that the Democrat held that the President has a right to arrest men and hold them too. The Democrat does not deny the right now; nor do we hold that any man has a right to exhort men to disobey law or resist its authority.

* * * * * * *

The point now before this country is the enormous abuse of this power of arrest, and the abuse of the power to interfere with the freedom of speech and of the press.

Lou. Democrat.

In other words, the Editor of the Democrat maintains, that, in carrying out a system of military arrests in the States of the North, the President has not violated the constitution, but has simply abused his constitutional power. Our neighbor concedes the right, objecting merely that it has not been exercised with due moderation. Such is indeed the position he asserted in the early part of last year, with the simple difference that he then made no objection to the manner in which the power had been exercised, though the system of military arrests in the North was then in the full tide of execution, upwards of a score of Northern citizens being confined in a single military fort of the Government. Our neighbor has since found reason to complain of the manner in which the power has been exercised, but he still asserts the lawfulness of the power. He objects that the right has been exercised immoderately, but he as fully as ever concedes the existence of the right. Such is his present position as defined by himself. We several days ago called this position "the other face" of our neighbor; but it turns out that the position is his true and only face! We humbly ask his pardon.

It is hardly necessary for us to show that our neighbor's position as thus defined is essentially the position of Mr. Lincoln and of his thorough-going supporters, for every well-informed and discerning reader will at once recognize the fact, and, moreover, we have repentedly set it forth herctofore; yet we will briefly set it forth again.

The position of our neighbor is the exact position which Mr. Lincoln in his response to the Albany Meeting asserted against the position of the meeting. Touching this point, the meeting declared:

We demand that the administration shall be true to the constitution; shall recognize and maintain the rights of the States and the liberties of the citizen; shall everywhere, outside of the lines of necessary military occupation and the scenes of insurrection, exert all its powers to maintain the supremacy of the civil over military law.

Touching the same point, the meeting further declared:

That, in the election of Governor Seymour, the people of this State, by an emphatic majority, declared their condemnation of the system of arbitrary arrests and their determination to stand by the Constitution. That the revival of this lawless system can have but one result: to divide and distract the North, and destroy its confidence in the purposes of the administration. That we deprecate it as an element of confusion at home, of weakness to our armies in the field, and as calculated to lower the estimate of American character and magnify the apparent peril of our cause abroad.

Such is the position of the conservatives of the country. They condemn military arrests in States beyond the theatre of war as not merely an abuse of power but as an usurpation of power. They deny altogether the right asserted in the case. The same position is declared in equivalent terms in the platform of the Union party of Kentucky.

This position Mr. Lincoln in his response to the Albany Meeting thus opposes:

By the third resolution the meeting indicate their opinion that military arrests may be constitutional in localities where rebellion actually exists, but that such arrests are unconstitutional in localities where rebellion or insurrection does not actually exist. They insist that such arrests shall not be made "outside of the lines of necessary military occupation, and the scenes of insurrection." Inasmuch, however, as the constitution itself makes no such distinction, I am unable to believe that there is any such constitutional distinction. I concede that the class of arrests complained of can be constitutional only when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require them; and I insist that in such cases they are constitutional *wherever* the public safety does require them; as well in places to which they may prevent the rebellion extending as in those where it may be already prevailing; as well where they may restrain mischievous interference with the raising and supplying of armies to suppress the rebellion, as where the rebellion may actually be; as well where they may restrain the enticing men out of the army, as where they would prevent mutiny in the army; equally constitutional at all places where they will conduce to the public safety, as against the dangers of rebellion or invasion.

That is to say, Mr. Lincoln asserts that he as commander-in-chief of the army and navy "has a right to arrest men and hold them too" in all parts of the country alike. And to this assertion our neighbor of the Democrat subscribes. And yet our neighbor of the Democrat pretends to be a conservative, and, falsely imputing the very position he himself holds to Governor Bramlette, affects to roll up his eyes in holy horror at the radicalism of His Excellency! We have all heard of the kettle calling the porridge-pot black, but here is a kettle that ejects the same malicious imputation toward the snowy goblet. Surely this kettle must be a little cracked.

BROWNLOW'S WHIG.—We publish Parson Brownlow's notice of his intention to commence the publication of "BROWNLOW'S KNOXVILLE WHIG AND REBEL VENTILATOR" at Knoxville in October. The notice is characteristic. Everything of Brownlow's is characteristic. He is always himself exactly.

"The Knoxville Whig and Rebel Ventilator" will no doubt have a prodigious run. Everybody will wish to see it for its own sake and for the Editor's. Brownlow is a pure, brave, able, and resolute man, who has endured much suffering and persecution for his devotion to the Union, and endured it with a heroism not surpassed by that of any political or religious martyr on record. It has sometimes been objected that he is too denunciatory, but if, with all his unquestionable talent in that way, he can pour fiercer denunciation upon the rebels and the rebellion than they deserve, his powers of vengeful eloquence are even greater than we have ever thought them.

We trust that the intelligence of General Burnside's having taken formal possession of Knoxville last Friday is true. Parson Brownlow's return to the city where he lived and labored so long and well, where he accomplished so much, and where he was treated with such cruel and bitter ignominy, will be a proud event not only for him but for Tennessee and the country. He had to flee from the prison and the gallows; he will go back with the tread of a conqueror.

☞Some one writes to us that he spits upon the Journal. Margaret Fuller records that, while she was gazing at Niagara from Table Rock, a fellow came up to take his first look at the great cataract, and, after gazing at it a moment with an air as if thinking how he could best "appropriate it to his own use," spat into it. That was probably our correspondent.

☞The Democrat says that the surviving sufferers by the awful massacre and atrocious plunders perpetrated at Lawrence by the devil Quantrell and his fiends would, instead of receiving the alms they beg, be hung if justice were done them. Humane Democrat! Amiable Democrat! Charitable Democrat! All sorts of a Democrat!

☞The rebel government still threatens to raise the black flag inscribed with the skull and crossbones. Well, skull and crossbones would be a very expressive emblem of the Confederate government, as being about all that's left of it.

☞Our Greek fire is a great deal more effectual than the ancient Greek fire. We understand Greek better than the old Greeks themselves did.

Every question has two sides.

Richmond Enquirer.

Well, of the great question of rebellion we have the foreside. Which have you?

☞What we desire in this war is to subjugate the South's subjugators and restore the subjugated section to freedom.

☞The whiskey that is drunk generally turns out to be a pernicious article.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
General
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square.
ROBERT L. MAITLAND. } NEW YORK.
WILLIAM WRIGHT. } jan2 dawsly

NOTICE.

TO DEPOSITORS!!

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE I WILL PAY SIX per cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and four per cent on those subject to ten days' notice of withdrawal.

A. BLAND, Banker,
j6 dtf No. 403 Main street.

AGAIN TO THE FRONT!

FRESH GOODS!
NEW STYLES!!
IMMENSE STOCK OF HATS!!

New Styles of Materials for Woollen Shirts!

Increased Facilities for Manufacturing Shirts and Underwear.

WE ARE NOW OPENING AN IMMENSE FALL stock of Hats, Caps, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, selected from full Eastern stocks. We have added thirty-three per cent to our manufacturing facilities, and now hope to be able to fill all orders for SHIRTS more promptly.

GREEN & GREEN,
a24 dtf LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

TO BUYERS OF
HATS AND CAPS.

PRATHER & SMITH,
429 Main street,
Are now receiving their FALL STOCK of
MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR AND WOOL HATS,
NEW STYLE MILITARY HATS AND CAPS,
MILITARY HAT AND CAP TRIMMINGS.
a19

F. H. HEGAN
(Old House of HEGAN & ESCOTT),
411 MAIN ST., BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH,
Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall-Paper, Looking-Glasses, Engravings, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials.

My stock of PHOTOGRAPH and AMBROTYPE MATERIALS is as large and well assorted as any in the market, and will be disposed of as favorably, at least, as they can be had elsewhere in the city.

The FACTORY FOR GILT WORK is fitted with the most approved machinery, and its facilities unsurpassed for furnishing all styles of Mirror and Picture Frames of new and elegant designs at the lowest rates.

ENGRAVINGS.

Particular attention is called to my assortment of fine ENGRAVINGS, colored and uncolored, to which are added the newest and best publications as they are issued by the first publishing houses of Europe and America.

Special attention given to the framing of Portraits, Photographs, Engravings, &c. aug 4 dtly

J. V. ESCOTT,
Of the late firm of HEGAN & ESCOTT,
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Photograph & Ambrotype Apparatus, Stock, & Chemicals, Photograph Albums, Engravings, and Artists' Materials,
MANUFACTURER OF
Gilt Frames, Cornices, Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Ornamental Gilding, and Composition Work,
231 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

J. V. ESCOTT informs his patrons and friends that his Frame Factory is now fully manned and equipped with all the latest and most approved steam machinery and appliances, and he is now prepared to fill orders for Gilt Work of entirely new and beautiful designs and richest styles of ornament. His stock of Photograph Materials and Photograph Albums is the largest ever brought to this city. m25 d6mst

Found.

A PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES, near the Fair Grounds, which the owner can have by calling at 564, Main street, between Second and Third.
M. G. ANDERS.
s8 d3*

$10 REWARD.

LOST—From the corner of Brook and Main streets, a gray POLL PARROT with a red tail. The return of which a reward of ten dollars will be paid.
s8 d1*

First National Bank of Louisville.

THE SUBSCRIBERS FOR STOCK IN THE above named Bank will meet at the Jefferson Savings Institute on Wednesday, the 9th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., to organize and select a Board of Directors.
GEORGE A. LEWIS.
s8 d2*

$20 Reward—Strayed or Stolen,

FROM THE FARM OF ROBT. G. VANCE, one mile south of Middletown, Jefferson county, Ky., on the 27th of August, two BUSINESS mules, one a brown, 7 years old last spring, about 16½ hands high, with a few white hairs on the withers; the other a dark bay, with black legs, mane, and tail, about the same size, 6 or 7 years old last spring—his fore feet incline out, throwing his ankles near together—no other marks remembered. Who will give the above mules or their return to Robt. G. Vance, in the county, or to the undersigned, at Shockency's stable, opposite the Galt House, Louisville, Ky., shall be paid
s8 d6* DAN. BATMAN & BROTHER.

UNION INSURANCE COMP'Y,
OF LOUISVILLE.
Capital Paid in and Secured.....$158,000 00

THIS COMPANY CONTINUES TO TAKE MARINE and Fire Risks. Its capital is securely invested, with a large surplus.

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D. S. Benedict.
D. S. BENEDICT, President.
ROBERT ATWOOD, Secretary.
☞Office over store of D. S. Benedict & Son.
s8 d4min

S. S. MARK. G. F. DOWNS.
Corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.
RECEIVED THIS DAY LARGE ADDITIONS TO our stock of

DRY GOODS,
VIZ:
VELOURS, POPLINS, ALPACAS, AND DELAINES;
ALL WOOL, UNION, AND ALPACA PLAIDS;
HDKS., COLLARS, LACES, AND HOSIERY.

Our stock is now well assorted, and will be sold at low prices.
MARK & DOWNS,
s8 Masonic Temple Building.

NAILS.

300 KEGS 4, 6, 8, and 10d, in store and for sale by
J. B. SIMPSON,
s8 d3 627 Main st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

CORDAGE.

75 COILS MANILA, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, and 1 inch;
50 dozen Manilla Bed Cords;
In store and for sale by
J. B. SIMPSON,
s8 d3 627 Main st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

WHISKEY.

300 BBLS RECTIFIED WHISKEY IN FULL iron-bound barrels, in store and for sale by
J. B. SIMPSON,
s8 d3 627 Main st., bet., Sixth and Seventh.

Handkerchiefs—Cheaper than Ever.

LADIES' LINEN BORDER HANDKERCHIEFS 12½ cents.
Ladies' Linen hemmed Handkerchiefs at 20, 25, & 30c.
Children's printed Handkerchiefs at 5 cents.
Pine-apple Handkerchiefs at 50 cents.
Just received at CHARLES F. BAUCHIFUSS'
s8 lab Cheap Lace Store, 399 Fourth st.

Trimmer Wanted.

$10 PER WEEK, WITH BOARDING AND lodging, will be paid to a No. 1 Trimmer. Apply at No. 302 Fourth street.
s8 d6 A. E. MAYERS.

CLOVER-HULLERS.

WE HAVE WHITING'S IMPROVED CLOVER-HULLERS for sale.
s8 d1 PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

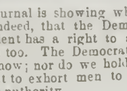
WHEAT-FANS.

A LARGE NUMBER OF GOOD WHEAT-FANS for sale by
s8 dim PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

WOODEN-WARE—Cedar Tubs and Churns, Cedar Cans and Buckets, Wooden Bowls and Trays, Cedar Faucets, Cocoa Dippers, Butter Molds, Rolling Pins, Potato Mashers, Wash Boards, covered Buckets, Flour Sifters, &c., &c., store and for sale by
s8 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

FLOUR SACKS—500 half bbl Flour Sacks in store and for sale by
s8 d5 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

HO FOR THE FAIR!



GENTLEMEN CONTEMPLATING SHOWING Time stock upon the Fair Ground, either in Harness or under the Saddle or otherwise, may find a full assortment of fine

Harness,
Saddles,
Bridles,
Horse Covers,
Trotting Balls,
Whips,
Spurs,

In fact everything that can adorn a horse, at low prices, at

J. M. MYERS'S,
Successor to C. PAGAL,
Sign of the Golden Saddle,
217 Third st., bet. Main and Market,
s8 lstaf Fair LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE,
2D DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE LIST of assessments in the county of Madison for the months of February, March, April, May, June, July, and August; Garrard county for May, June, and July; Boyle—January, February, and May; Casey—April, May, June, and July; Russell—April, May, June, and July; Rockcastle—June; Laurel—June; Clay—June; Adair—May, June, and July, as returned by the Assistant Assessors conformably to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government and to pay interest on the public debt," approved July 1st, 1862, have been returned to me for collection, and the taxes assessed under said act are now due and payable. Notice is therefore given that I will be present in person or by deputy to collect said list of taxes, at

Richmond, Madison	county	September	14th, 15th
Lancaster, Garrard	"	"	16th, 19th
Stanford, Lincoln	"	"	21st, 22d
Danville, Boyle	"	"	23d, 24th
Liberty, Casey	"	"	26th, 29th
Jamestown, Russell	"	"	28th, 29th
London, Laurel	"	"	28th, 29th
Mt. Vernon, Rockcastle	"	"	30th
Manchester, Clay	October		1st
Columbia, Adair	"	"	1st, 2d
Greensburg, Green	"	"	5th, 6th
Campbellsville, Taylor	"	"	7th, 8th
Lebanon, Estill	"	"	17th, 18th

I will at the same time issue licenses to the parties required to procure the same. "All persons who have been assessed in said counties and fail to pay the duties and taxes so assessed upon them within the time specified shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof." Persons who fail to pay their income tax shall "be liable to pay five per cent additional thereof" and costs of suit, and all others the first named penalty.

WILLARD DAVIS,
U. S. Collector, 2d District Kentucky.
RICHMOND, KY., Sept. 2d, 1863. sept3 d3

J. H. WRIGHT. R. H. COX. SIDNEY PARKER.

J. H. WRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FANCY VARIETY GOODS,
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,
SUTLERS' GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,
No. 517 South side Main, between Fifth and Sixth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE HAVE OPENED WITH AN ENTIRE NEW stock, and will be in daily receipt of everything new and desirable in our line. We buy and sell exclusively for cash, and invite the trade to an examination of our stock, which we will take pleasure in showing to all dealers who may favor us with a call. Particular attention is called to our stock of

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
SHIRTS AND SHIRT BOSOMS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
TRAVELLING OVER SHIRTS,
LADIES' HEAD-NETS, BELTS,
SONTACHE BRAIDS,
VELVET TRIMMINGS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR FALL AND WINTER TRADE
BY
PIATT, ALLEN, & CO.,
North side Main st, bet. Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
s8 d&w2mis

Commissioners' Sale.

John R. Desha, Jr., } Fayette Circuit Court.
against }
John H. Wells, &c., }

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE FAYETTE Circuit Court, rendered in the above causes, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on the 21st day of September, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., in front of the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lots, state, and estate in those causes, as the property of Wm. C. P. Breckinridge, to wit: A lot of land, 165 by 201 feet, on the north side of Market, between Clay and Shelby streets; also, a lot 30 by 150 feet, on the south side of Main, between Clay and Shelby streets.

TERMS OF SALE.—Half cash, balance in six months. The purchaser will be required to execute bond with good security for the deferred payment, having the force and effect of a judgment bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained on the property as additional security.
JAMES W. HENNING,
JOSHUA F. SPEED,
Special Commissioners.
s8 altd

NEW GOODS
AT THE
MILITARY HAT AND CAP STORE
OF
WM. F. OSBORN,
225 Main st., between Second and Third.
s8 j&h

W. H. CRUTCHER, Agent,
625 Main St., Louisville, Ky.,

HAS IN STORE TO CLOSE OUT AT LOW FIGures, a good stock of
China, Glass, and Queensware;
500 bbls Salt;
75 bags prime and strictly prime Coffee;
500 bbls Dried Beef;
Tinware, Hollowware, and Stoneware.
Consignments and orders for goods solicited.
s8

SUNDRIES—
10 doz sugar-cured Beef Tongues;
Ibs Dried Beef;
1,000 lbs " Breakfast Bacon;
Slag's " Hams;
In store and for sale by
s8 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

OWEN COUNTY FAIR.

THE THIRD ANNUAL FAIR OF THE OWEN County Agricultural Society will be held at the Grounds, near New Liberty, in Owen county, Ky., commencing on the 7th day of October, 1863, and continue four days.

ORDER OF EXHIBITION.
FIRST DAY—Agricultural Products, Domestic Manufactures, Needle-Work, Poultry, and Fruit.
SECOND DAY—Cattle, Mules, Jack Stock, and Hogs.
THIRD DAY—Harness Horses.
FOURTH DAY—Saddle Horses.

A ring for the display of Horsemanship will be opened each day except the first.
Premiums paid in money.
J. P. ORR, jr., Sec'y. W. G. SIMPSON, Pr's't.
s7 d12

TO CAPITALISTS.

WANTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS—$3,000 OR $4,000, with good real estate as security. The investment will be equal to U. S. 7.30 bonds. For further information call on Mr. S. S. Jones, No. 317 Third street.
s7 d2*

DENTISTRY.

H. S. SAUNDERS, FORMERLY OF Lebanon, Ky., has permanently located in this city for the purpose of practising his profession of Dentistry in all its branches. He can be found at his office on Fourth street, No. 314, up stairs, opposite New York Store, from 8 A. M. until 5 P. M.
s6 dtm

Stolen—$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, living at Eddyville, Ky., on the night of the 28th ult., one LARGE BROWN GELDING, about 16 hands high, in good order, one hind foot white, star in the forehead, slightly cutted in the near leg. Also an old Spanish saddle with quilted seat and harness bridle with double bit was taken with him. I will pay the above reward for the apprehension of both horse and thief or $25 for the horse.
s5 d1 JOHN A. THOMPSON.

NOTICE.

I WILL RUN AN OMNIBUS from Shelbyville to Christiansburg twice, if necessary, daily, in connection with the Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroad, commencing on the 10th of September, 1863.
s5 d5* THOMAS BALLARD.

Three Cows Stolen,

FROM A PASTURE IN THE rear of the Fair Grounds, on the night of Monday, August 24—one a large red Durham, one roan crooked, little white in the face; another red and white speckled, horns a little blunt; the other a small red and white spotted; all good milkers. A liberal reward will be paid for their return or any information that may lead to their recovery.
s5 d3* Mrs. MARY C. WOMAC.

Strayed,

FROM MY STABLE, ON THE Portland avenue, near Thirteenth street, on the night of the 28th ult., one MULE and three HORSES. The mule is branded L. H. on the horses is dun-colored and has a sore on his withers. The other two are supposed to be bays. They have been seen on the Salt River road. Any one returning these animals to me will be liberally rewarded.
s2 d6 ISHAM HENDERSON.

DR. H. MOORE

WILL RECOMMENCE HIS ENGLISH CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL on Monday next, 7th inst. Terms according to the course of study, payable in the middle of the quarter. Each quarter to consist of ten weeks.
☞On Centre street, at the room lately occupied by Mr. Gurley.
s1 d1*

HIBBITT & SON.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, BY WHOLESALE AND TEA STORE, No. 232 Market street, between Second and Third, south side.
s5

NEW FALL DRY GOODS.

ISAACS & CAMBRIDGE,
310 South Fourth St.,

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND ARE DAILY RECeiving a large and well-assorted stock of

FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS,

Comprising in part,

PLAIN BLACK SILKS, all widths;
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, all prices;
FOULARD SILKS, a fine assortment;
FRENCH MERINOES, plain and printed;
ALL-WOOL DELAINES, plain and printed;
BLACK AND COLORED LUSTRES;
CHECKED POPLINS;
ALL-WOOL PLAIDS;
VELOURS AND REPS;
ENGLISH MERINOES, all colors;
HOSIERY, GLOVES, TRIMMINGS, &c.;
BALLARDVALE, SHAKER, CANTON, COLORED FLANNELS;
A COMPLETE LINE OF IRISH LINENS;
BLEACHED and BROWN LINEN SHEETINGS;
NAPKINS, DOYLIES, &c.;
BLEACHED and BROWN COTTONS;
SHEETINGS, all widths.

☞Special attention is called to our stock of Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Linseys, &c.

ISAACS & CAMBRIDGE.
s6 Sun1&d2

I. O. O. F.

AZUR LODGE NO. 25

The Members of AZUR LODGE are hereby notified to attend the next regular meeting of the Lodge, which will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 8th, in ODD FELLOWS' HALL, at which time the most important question ever brought before the Lodge will be under consideration.
By order of the Lodge.
JOHN C. NAUTS, Sec'y.
s5 SatSun MonTusEv paper on Tres.

1863. FALL IMPORTATIONS. 1863.

D. C. TABB

Corner Market and Fourth streets,

Is Now Opening

One of the LARGEST and NEAT stocks of rich

DRY GOODS

Brought to this market, comprising

PLAIN COLORED SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK SILKS;
STRIPED AND CHECKED POPLINS;
POPLINETTES AND VALENCIAS;
PRINTED AND PLAIN DE LAINES;
PRINTED AND PLAIN MERINOES;
STRIPED AND PLAID VALENCIAS;
CASHMERE AND WOOL PLAIDS;
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS;
LADIES', MEN'S, AND MISSES' UNDERWEAR;
HOSIERY (a large assortment);
BOYS' WEAR (a splendid stock);
SHAKER AND BALLARDVALE FLANNELS;
TABLE AND IRISH LINENS;
PILLOW LINENS AND TOWELLING;
50 PIECES PLAID LINSEY;
40 PIECES BROWN AND GRAY JEANS;
BROWN AND BLEACHED COTTONS;
COTTON AND LINEN SHEETING;
NAPKINS, DOYLIES, &c.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.

WM. TURNER, Agent.
s3 d6

ROSSMAN & ROSENHEIM,
36 Pearl street,
CINCINNATI.

THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK IN

Notions,
Furnishing Goods,
Hosiery,
Fancy Woolen Goods,
Cutlery, &c.,

Of Westenholm's, Wade & Butcher's, and other celebrated makes.

Also the cheapest and most attractive assortment of Goods for

SUTLERS' TRADE,

Such as Flannel Over-Shirts (extra size), Under-Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Gloves and Gauntlets (Regulation), Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Paper Collars, Towelling, Pocket Knives, Briar and Meerschaum Pipes, Combs, Pocket-Books, Memorandum-Books, Port-Folios, Inkstands, Paper and Envelops, Pens and Pencils, Brushes, Pocket Mirrors, &c., &c., may be found at

ROSSMAN & ROSENHEIM'S,
s3 dlsim 36 Pearl street, Cincinnati.

V. D. GAETANO. R. A. VACARO.

V. D. GAETANO.

SUTLER GOODS

AT

Eastern Prices!

FRESH PEACHES in 2 and 3 lb cans;
FRESH BLACKBERRIES in 2 and 3 lb cans;
PEACH PRESERVES in 1, 2, and 3 lb cans;
BLACKBERRY PRESERVES in 1, 2, and 3 lb cans;
BLACKBERRY JAM in 1, 2, 3 lb cans;
DAMSON PRESERVES in 1, 2, and 3 lb cans;
QUINCE PRESERVES in 1, 2, and 3 lb cans;
TOMATO SAUCE.

The Fresh Fruits are selected and put up with sirup, warranted No. 1.

All kinds of Foreign Fruits and hermetically sealed goods kept constantly on hand.

V. D. GAETANO & CO.,
s4 d3mis Main st., between Seventh and Eighth.

A. B. SEMPLE & SONS,

Corner Main and Sixth sts.,

Invite the attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS, SUTLERS and other buyers to their large stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
GUNS AND PISTOLS,
VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Which they offer at very low prices for cash. Their stock of POCKET CUTLERY, RAZORS, SCISSORS, NOTIONS, &c., being selected specially for the Sutler trade, Sutlers will find it to their interest to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.
a29 d1mis

PLANTERS' HOTEL.

ACTON YOUNG.....Proprietor,
(Formerly of Nashville, Tenn.),
Sixth st., between Main and Market,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVING LEASED THIS LARGE AND ELEgant HOTEL for a term of years, and thoroughly refitted it, the attention of the travelling public is invited to this House. Persons wishing to go to Nashville or South will find it to their interest to stop at this Hotel. Connected with this institution is a good Bar. The Buses run regularly to all Railroad Depots.
s1 d1&dim*

TIMOTHY SEED.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF FRESH NEW SEED FOR sale by
e2 dlm PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

ROSSMAN & ROSENHEIM,
36 Pearl street,
CINCINNATI.

THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK IN

Notions,
Furnishing Goods,
Hosiery,
Fancy Woolen Goods,
Cutlery, &c.,

Of Westenholm's, Wade & Butcher's, and other celebrated makes.

Also the cheapest and most attractive assortment of Goods for

SUTLERS' TRADE,

Such as Flannel Over-Shirts (extra size), Under-Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Gloves and Gauntlets (Regulation), Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Paper Collars, Towelling, Pocket Knives, Briar and Meerschaum Pipes, Combs, Pocket-Books, Memorandum-Books, Port-Folios, Inkstands, Paper and Envelops, Pens and Pencils, Brushes, Pocket Mirrors, &c., &c., may be found at

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s1 d1&dim*

TIMOTHY SEED.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF FRESH NEW SEED FOR sale by
e2 dlm PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

INSURANCE.

Home Insurance Co. of New York.
Net Assets.....$1,750,000.

Arctic Insurance Co. of New York.
Net Assets.....$

TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, 3 A. M.

☞ Advertisers entitled to three or more squares, by contract, will be charged five cents a line for the excess for each insertion. This rule will be rigidly enforced. s8 d2w

☞ We should be glad to have the name of the correspondent at Green River Bridge. He omitted to give us his name.

MUNICIPAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT.—It will surprise many persons to learn that Louisville actually has a Health Department, and that ordinances stand on the record to establish and regulate a Board of Health, to abate nuisances, prevent impurities in cellars and putrid matter on lots, and to fine persons for skinning carcasses without notifying the Street Inspector. These are all about as dead as the edicts of the Pharaohs, and if their framers intended them to be invalid, they could not have gone to work with greater judgment. By Ordinance No. 121, approved September 18, 1859, "*a permanent Board of Health* is established, consisting of the Fellows of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the city of Louisville, *to serve without compensation.*" To this Board all the sanitary management of the city was entrusted, and it was empowered to enforce the observance of all ordinances for the preservation of the public health. The city charter gives the General Council power to elect a Board of Health annually; constitutes the Mayor, the Physicians of the Eastern and Western Districts and the Street Inspectors, health officers, and at the discretion of the Council they may compose the Board of Health, with a clerk on salary, &c. It is evident therefore that the city can be placed under proper sanitary regulations, and the public demand is loud for immediate action. We have repeatedly referred to intolerable nuisances which have not yet been abated and it seems to be nobody's business to attend to the abatement. All the inhabitants of that section of the city within stenching distance of Oakland, are now suffering from the carcasses of dead mules and horses, which are skinned in the open lots and left to poison the air with their effluvin. The windows in that region after nightfall dare to be closed, and the people are compelled to burn coffee and disinfectants to procure a night's repose. This is shameful trifling with the health of the city, and makes the whole sanitary system of the city a farce. We again call upon the Councils to redeem the character of Louisville, and render it a fit place for people to live in from one extreme of its limits to the other. Third street, from Jefferson to Market, and Fourth street, from Green to Walnut, are reeking with stench, and have been so all the summer. Do let the horrid nuisances be abated.

WOOD'S THEATRE—THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.—This opera was a great success, the house being crowded and enthusiastic. Miss Sallie is really extraordinary as a vocalist, and was complimented by a recall after the opera, as well as being literally bombarded with bouquets. Master Alfred, as the Gipsy Devilshoof, sustained the absorbing dramatic interest of the piece in the most creditable manner. John was good, and Benjamin very acceptable as the fop. The Gipsy Queen is a very careful young actress and will make her mark. Our pet little Julia was, as usual, charming, and in the farce gave us the perfection of Yankee gals. To-night the Bohemian Girl is repeated.

LEXINGTON RACES.—The races over the Association Course will come off on Monday, September 21st, and there is a prospect of the finest sport. There seems to be a disposition to revive the pleasures of the turf everywhere but among the members of our Woodlawn Association. It is discreditable to the enterprise and taste of Louisville that such a superb property should be unproductive, and that it should be closed completely to the enjoyments for securing which so many of our citizens contributed liberally for its purchase. Whose fault is it, and who is it that puts impediments in the way of a Fall meeting?

LOUISVILLE THEATRE.—Miss Charlotte Thompson had a most gratifying reception last evening, and elicited the warmest commendation for her performance of Pauline in the Lady of Lyons. To-night she appears as Camille, and all who remember her chaste and artistic portraiture of the character last season will be gratified to have the opportunity of hearing her again in the difficult part. The farce of the Good-for-Nothing will close the bill.

☞ In our notice of the public schools this morning, we omitted to mention the city school in the Sixth Ward, located on Sixth street, between Main and Water, and which has been under the care of the Board of School Trustees for several years. As many children in the neighborhood may conclude that said school does not now exist, a correction of the omission is eminently proper. This school is in a flourishing condition.

☞ Mr. F. N. Donahue has been appointed agent of the Adams Express Company in this city, to succeed Mr. S. A. Jones, who has become General Agent of the company. We know Mr. Donahue as a thorough business man, a courteous and affable gentleman, and, the highest compliment we can bestow, a worthy successor of the universal favorite Mr. Jones.

SERIOUS AFFRAY.—Two men, named V. Schrader and J. N. Schrader, were arrested last night at 10 o'clock, charged with seriously cutting several Irishmen. It appears that a free fight occurred about sundown yesterday, at Elmtree bridge, between the above-mentioned parties, in which the Irishmen were badly cut.

IMPORTANT CHANGE.—Col. Seawell, mustering officer at this post, has been ordered to California for duty. Capt. Royall, who has been in this department for some time, and is favorably known in this community, succeeds Col. Seawell. The Colonel bears with him the kind wishes of his numerous friends.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF LOUISVILLE This company was organized in June, 1860, on the joint stock plan. It has paid to its shareholders in that time two hundred per cent on the amount paid in. It is now one of the best and most thoroughly organized companies in the West. See advertisement.

THE RAID IN SOUTHERN KENTUCKY.—The late raid near Glasgow was probably made by less than two hundred rebel cavalry. Our forces are in pursuit, with a good chance of capturing the whole party or driving them from the State.

FUGITIVE ARRESTED.—A negro boy was arrested in this city last night by officer Tom Antle. He is a slave, and has been away from his owner two years. He is the property of J. McCauley, who lives eight miles in the country.

FINE TOBACCO.—Messrs. Spratt & Co. sold yesterday a hogshead of Missouri tobacco at the very high price of $88 per hundred pounds, It was purchased by the enterprising firm of Messrs. Dunekake, Lancaster, & Co., of this city.

☞ Goods are not permitted beyond Nashville without the consent of the Commading General, but to be shipped to Nashville they simply require the recommendation of the Board of Trade at that city.

☞ Next Friday is the day appointed for the execution of Caroline, the slave, for the murder of Levi's little child. She will be hung at 11 o'clock, on the corner of Fourteenth and Broadway.

☞ The first Cabinet held in Washington since Seward's return, decided to let the Franco-Mexican question severally alone for the present.

☞ A late number of the Richmond Enquirer predicts that the next great battle will take place for the occupation of East Tennessee.

☞ The Tobacco Convention will be held in this city one week from to-day, Tuesday, Sept. 16. A large attendance is anticipated.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

☞ The attention of parents and others interested in the cause of education is directed to the column headed "Schools" on the fourth page of this paper.

☞ Citizens' light cassimere caps, at Green & Green's.

☞ See advertisement of Messrs. Daniel & Duncan offering liberal rewards for stolen horses and the thieves.

☞ Boys' assorted styles cassimere caps, at Green & Green's.

☞ We invite attention to the advertisement of valuable Mill Property at Pitt's Point for sale at auction, on the 19th. There are also dwellings for sale.

☞ See Mr. Barnes' *reduced* price list of *gold pens* in another column. s8 dtf

☞ Officers' chapeau and regulation caps, at Green & Green's.

NEW VARIETY HOUSE.—We invite attention to the advertisement of Messrs. J. H. Wright & Co., who have recently opened a very extensive stock of variety, furnishing, and sutlers' goods.

☞ Caps for the Invalid Corps, at Green & Green's.

INFORMATION WANTED, of John Stoner, a carpenter by trade, aged thirty-one years, about five feet six inches high, compact built; has dark brown hair and blue eyes. When last heard from he resided in Florence, Ala., and owned property there in 1859. *Any information of his whereabouts, if living, will be thankfully received by his mother, Mrs. Fanny Stoner, Lancaster, Pa., or information addressed to Francis Heckert, Lancaster, Pa., will be conveyed to his mother.* d1

☞ The steel spring topics put in all of Green & Green's caps.

☞ Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. would call attention to their sale this (Tuesday) morning of regular Dry Goods, country stock of Dry Goods, and Notions, with an invoice of Ames's extra Varnish and Paint, Hair, and Blacking Brushes; also, a splendid line of Carpet Bags and Satchels.

☞ Green & Green put the finest indigo blue cloth in their caps.

☞ The attention of our readers is called to Mr. G. W. Chatfield's sale, at 10 o'clock this morning, at his auction rooms, which are crowded with good and substantial new and second-hand furniture and housekeeping articles. The Saratoga Trunk to be sold is the most perfect and commodious article in the way of a trunk that can be found.

☞ Mr. C. C. Spencer sells this afternoon at 4 o'clock, on the premises, three building lots on Kentucky street, near Second, to which the special attention of real estate buyers is called. The sale is peremptory and without reserve.

☞ It is not difficult to arrest, for the time being, chills and fever, but the great puzzle of physicians is to prevent a return as soon as quinine is left off. Happily, an unfailing and pleasant remedy is found in *Dr. Bull's Cedron Bitters.* The experience of the past summer has shown beyond all question or cavil that the patient who uses it regularly is secure against either an attack or relapse of fever and ague. Cedron, be it remembered, is a Central American medicine, never before used in this country. s8 bk2t2

SPECIAL PERMIT,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE,
Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 12, 1863.

Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. ——, has permission to transport to the front, via railroad or pike, within the Federal lines, for the use of the army, (140) one hundred and forty boxes of Bull's Cedron Bitters.

J. R. DILLEN (per Will S. Hall),
s4 jk&t2 Surveyor of Customs.

DON'T DELAY.—MIASMATIC DISEASES are prevailing to a great extent in both city and country, and it behooves every one to be on his guard and use every means to prevent them. It has been wisely said that "a stich in time saves nine." This adage applies as strongly in the treatment of diseases as in the mending of a pair of old breeches; a suitable remedy used in time may prevent a fatal disease. Raymond & Tyler, No. 74 Fourth street, have on sale that invaluable tonic medicine, the Graefenberg Health Bitters. A little of this taken every morning will accomplish much. TRY IT. s5

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.—The attention of dealers is called to our stock of ribbons, straw goods, &c., which we are now receiving for the fall trade.
s5 d2m CANNON & BYERS.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.—We are now receiving our fall stock of millinery, and will have our stock complete on the 10th inst.
s4 OTIS & CO, 516 Main street.

DRY GOODS.—J. M. Robinson & Co. invite the especial attention of the city and country trade to their very complete stock of silks, fancy dress goods, staple dry goods, &c. Our Mr. O. T. Sutfield remain in New York the entire season, enabling us to add daily to the assortment all new and desirable goods offered in the market! au28 d15

☞ Country merchants visiting the city for the purpose of buying goods will find a well assorted stock of Hats and Caps at James M. Ladd's, No. 331 Main street. Having purchased at the lowest prices for cash from the largest manufacturers East, he can sell quite as cheap as any house in the city. He is also in receipt of a line of fine Nutria and black Beaver Soft Hats, selected expressly for the retail trade, to which he calls the particular attention of his friends and the public generally. a25 d18

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CITY AND COUNTRY DRY GOODS MERCHANTS.—Having previously given due notice of the permanent removal of Mr. E. Bamberger to New York city, we now take pleasure in announcing to our old customers and to city and country dealers generally, that by this new arrangement we are daily receiving, and will continue to receive, from day to day, fresh supplies of all styles of seasonable goods pertaining to the Dry Goods trade. We cordially invite purchasers to give us a call, and an inspection of our stock will at once convince them of the superior advantages we can offer, both in regard to prices and variety of choice.

We would also recommend to sutlers our assortment of undershirts, handkerchiefs, gloves, suspenders, &c., &c. Special attention will be paid to filling orders.

E. BAMBERGER & CO.,
524 Main st., north side, bet. 5th and 6th.
a17 dlm

ROOFING! ROOFING!—The attention of the public is called to my Elastic Paint and Roofing Cement, which is considered, by all who have tested it, to be the best and cheapest material of the kind, now in use, for tin, iron, or metal roofs. C. COGGESHALL,
Sign of the Elastic Roofing, Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. j10 dtf

NEW GOODS.—We have received a large assortment of work-boxes, writing desks, toys, and willow baskets; also a full supply of baby buggies, at
SUES' VARIETY STORE.

☞ Let those who have doubted the virtues of BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS, if any such there be, read the following certificate from gentlemen well known in this community, and doubt no more.

Its general introduction into the army will save the lives of thousands of our soldiers.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 3, 1863.

We, the undersigned, have seen the good effects produced by the use of DR. JOHN BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS in cases of general debility and prostration of the system, and believe its general use would prevent disease and relieve much suffering. Among our soldiers particularly would this be the case, especially those who are exposed to miasmatic influences in the Southern climate.

MAJ. PHILIP SPEED,
Collector Int. Rev., 3d Dis. Ky.
CHAS. B. COTTON,
Collector of the Port of Louisville, Ky.
COL. R. DENT,
Prov. Marshal Gen. of Kentucky.
REV. D. P. HENDERSON,
Cor. Secretary of Sanitary Commission.
HARNEY, HUGHES, & CO.,
Publishers Democrat.
GEO. P. DOERN,
Proprietor Louisville Anzeiger.
HUGHES & PARRIHLE,
Wholesales Dry Goods Dealers, Main sts., Louisville, Ky.
DAVIES, GREEN, & CO.,
Wholesale Shoe Dealers, Main st., Louisville.
HART & MAPOTHER,
Lithographers, cor. Market and Third st., Louisville, Ky.
JULIUS WINTER,
Clothing Merchant, cor. Third and Market sts., Louisville, Ky.
CAPT. S. F. HILDRETH,
Steamer Belle Anderson.
MAJ. L. T. THUSTON,
Paymaster U. S. Army.
C. M. METCALF,
National Hotel, Louisville, Ky.
COL. JESSE J. YAYLES,
4th Kentucky Cavalry.
GEORGE D. PRENTICE,
Louisville Journal.

See advertisement in another column.
a11 deod3m

A LIVE BOOK.—"*Incidents* of the *War;* or *Romance* and *Realities* of *Soldier Life,*" by P. Fitch. Large 12 mo. of 112 pages. Price 25 cents. Comprising the romantic incidents, thrilling adventures, narrow escapes, and heroic deeds, performed by our brave soldiers of the army and navy. We want agents in every town, city, and camp. A rare chance offered. Agents are clearing from $3 to $6 per day. Every soldier and citizen wants a copy. Copy sent post-paid on receipt of price. Address, ASHER & ADAMS,
Indianapolis, Ind.
may26 Tues, Thurs. & Sat tf

Hill's Gold Pens!

HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY—Is the place to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can suit any hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens sent safely by mail.

Those wishing a superior pen, warranted perfect in every respect, will send stamp for price list.

N. B.—Stencil Brands cut as usual.
R. C. HILL,
m7 dtf 407 Main street, below Fourth.

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

OLD WHISKEY, CANNED PRESERVES, BOTTLED FRUITS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CIGARS, SMOKING TOBACCO, MOLASSES, BRUSHES, AND OTHER GROCERIES
AT AUCTION.

THIS (TUESDAY) MORNING, Sept. 8, at 10 o'clock, I will be sold, at Auction-Rooms, No. 520 Main street, a fine assortment of the above articles. Special attention is called to the Preserves, Fruits, and Liquors.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER,
s8 d1 Auctioneer.

Large Auction Sale
BY L. KAHN & CO.,
404 MAIN STREET.

ON WEDNESDAY, Sept. 9, at 10 o'clock A. M., we will sell, at Auction-Rooms, a very large and selected stock of Goods, comprising the following large and new invoices of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinets; lines of Silk, Linen, and Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs, lines of fine Irish Linens, Bed Ticking, Check, Dress Goods, Linen Towelings, Suspenders, Neck-Ties, Shirts and Drawers, fine Linen Shirts, all wool Traveling Shirts brown and bleached Cotton, Hosiery, together with a very large assortment of Notions.

☞ We especially call the attention of country and city merchants to this sale. The Goods are of superior quality, and every lot will be sold without reserve.

Terms cash. L. KAHN & CO.,
s8 d2 Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

SPECIAL CASH SALE OF CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND LINEN GOODS, EXTRA VELVET AND TAPESTRY CARPET RAGS, BLACK ENAMELLED BAGS AND TAPESTRY SATCHELS, WITH A STOCK OF DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, AND NOTIONS (balance of a country store). ALSO, AN INVOICE OF AMES'S VARNISH AND HAIR BRUSHES
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING next, Sept. 8, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at Auction-Rooms, an invoice of—

Extra black Cloths;
Oxford and fancy wove Cassimeres;
Linen Drapers and Towels;
Superior Irish Linens and Crash;
Real Huckaback Toweling, &c.

Also, a retail stock of
Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Notions,
With a splendid line of
Velvet, Tapestry, and Enamelled Carpet Bags.

Also, for account of Insurance Company, partially damaged by water, an invoice of John Ames's extra Varnish, Hair, and Blacking Brushes.

S. G. HENRY & CO.,
s7 d2 Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 9, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the residence (No. 1 Hill ward), on the north side of Chestnut street, between Seventh and Eighth, No. 74, her entire Household effects, consisting in part of the following articles: Hair-seat Sociables, Parlor and Elizabeth Chairs, Oil Paintings, marble-top Centre Tables, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Jones, Rogers, & Co. oak full Gothic Chamber Set, bal canopy and Misses' Bedsteads, Spring, Shuck, and Cotton Mattresses, enclosed Wash-Stands, cane-seat Chairs and Rockers, mirror-back Sideboard, Extension Table, Pillows and Bedding, Hat Rack and Ottomans with other articles in the House-keeping line.

Sale positive and peremptory.
Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER,
s7 d3 Auctioneer.

☞ A Negro Woman, a good cook, washer, and ironer, will also be offered for hire for the balance of the year.

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES
BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
ON TUESDAY AND THURSDAY,

September 8 and 10, 1863, of

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, &c.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, will be offered 200 cases BOOTS and SHOES, made for fall and winter sales, consisting in part of Men's Calf and Kip Boots; Men's Calf and Lasting Balmorals, Congress Boots, Brogans, &c.; Women's Kip, Morocco, Goat, Calf, and Split Boots and Balmorals; also Boys', Youths', and Children's Boots and Shoes, &c.

ON THURSDAY, 10th inst., at 10 A. M., a variety of seasonable DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., comprising heavy Overcoatings, blue Cassimeres, Satinets, Alpacas, Italians, plaid Linseys, bleached Muslins, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Patent Thread, Spool Cotton, Hosiery, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, &c.

Terms cash (bankable funds).

THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
s7 d4 Auctioneers.

G. W. CHATFIELD,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

No. 731 Main st., south side, bet. Seventh and Eighth
LOUISVILLE, KY.

G. W. CHATFIELD,
AUCTIONEER,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDISE, New and Second-hand Furniture for public or private sale. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

☞ Out-door Sales promptly attended to.

BUYER TO { Gardner & Co., Louisville, Ky. / Nock, Wicks, & Co., " / Smith & Wade, " / Wm. L. Weller, " / Webb & Lovering, "
s7 dtf

BY G. W. CHATFIELD.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES, DRUGGISTS' PRESCRIPTION STAND, COUNTERS, AND A FINE SARATOGA TRUNK
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Sept. 8, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at Auction-Rooms, No. 731 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth, without reserve, a large assortment of Furniture and Housekeeping articles, consisting in part of Wardrobes, Armoires, Book Cases, Dressing Bureaus, half Canopy, Italian, French, and Misses' turn-post double and single Bedsteads, Sofa Extension Lounges, Shaving and Work Tables, Washstands, Chairs, Cots, Shucks, and Sea grass Mattresses, Ingrain and Oil Carpets, Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Utensils, and a great variety of other articles in the House-keeping line, and a prescription Counter, with Drawers complete.

☞ The special attention of dealers, Furniture buyers, and the ladies is called to this sale. The articles will all be sold without reserve.

Terms cash. G. W. CHATFIELD,
s7 d2 Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT PUBLIC auction, on the premises, on
Thursday, Sept. 16, 1863, at 10 o'clock A.M.,
64 BUILDING LOTS.

These lots are situated in the most beautiful part of the city of New Albany.

Fourteen of these lots are on Poplar street, near Upper Vincennes street. Twenty-eight of them are on Shelby street. Fourteen on Bedford street, and six on Walnut street, near the residence of W. B. Leaf.

TERMS OF CREDIT.—One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in six, twelve, and eighteen months thereafter, secured by notes, bearing interest, and waiving valuation and appraisement laws, with approved personal security and a mortgage on the land sold.

Much of this property is very desirable as an investment and for other uses, and the title of all is perfect.

For further information inquire of
J. H. CONNER,
J. R. WOODWARD,
New Albany, Ind.
s7 d10

BY C. C. SPENCER.

THREE VALUABLE KENTUCKY STREET LOTS
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 8, at 4 o'clock, I will be peremptorily sold, on the premises, three valuable and desirable Building Lots, 30 feet front each by 200 deep to a 20-foot alley, situated on the south side of Kentucky street, commencing 50 feet east of Second street. The above lots are desirably located, on high and level ground, and will be sold without reserve.

TERMS—⅓ cash; balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest and lien.

C. C. SPENCER,
s3 d10 Auctioneer.

Public Sale of Government Stock.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC auction, to the highest bidder, at the Old Oakland Race Course, near the city—

150 HORSES AND MARES (CONDEMNED).

Terms cash, and the property to be removed the same day at risk of owner.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 9, 1863, and to continue daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. until they are all disposed of.

W. F. HARRIS, Capt. & A. Q. M.

Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
Louisville, Ky., August 31, 1863. s1 dtd

AUCTION NOTICE.

JAMES H. PRENTICE, Auctioneer,
Corner of Raymond and Willoughby streets,
BROOKLYN, L. I.

Regular Weekly Trade Sales
or
HATS
EVERY THURSDAY AT 11 O'CLOCK

During the season, ending December 17, 1863.

These sales are peremptory, and comprise the manufactures of makers of well known reputation as well as the entire production of his own establishment.

Catalogues on morning of sale. jy28 dtf

M. C. RAMSEY
Has a select stock of

Watches, Clocks,
Fashionable Jewelry,
Silver Ware,
Superior Spectacles

No. 318 Fourth street.

☞ WATCHES REPAIRED by J. R. ESTEALE.
au28 d&wtf

HOLYOKE & ROGERS,
General Commission Merchants
AND
TOBACCO FACTORS,
163 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

N. E. MILTON & CO., of Louisville, are our Agents, and will make advances on consignments to our address. jy30 dtf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. C. HILL'S SUPERIOR
GOLD PEN.

PRICE LIST OF SUPERIOR GOLD PENS.

Pens only	Pens and Pencil Case	Pens and Pencil Case, Gilt	Pens and Pencil Case, Silver	Pens and Pencil Case, Gold
No. 0 or Ladies..... 75	1 50			1 25
No. 1 or Medium..... 1 00	2 00			1 50
No. 2 or Large..... 1 50	2 50	3 00		2 00
No. 3 or Commercial.... 2 00	3 00	3 50		2 50
No. 4 or Engrossing.... 2 50	1 00	1 00		3 25
No. 5 or Union..... 3 00	4 50			3 75
No. 6 or Mammoth..... 4 00		5 00		
Masonic.....	5 00	6 00		

All pens bear my name and are warranted 14 carats fine and perfect in every respect. Sent by mail or express to any part of the country on receipt of price and return postage. Persons ordering will please state the size and style desired, whether hard or soft, fine or coarse; and if the pen should fail to please or prove defective, will have the privilege of exchanging it. A deduction of fifteen per cent allowed on orders of $25 or over, and thirty-five per cent on those of $100. Liberal discount made to the trade. Old pens repaired in the best manner for 50 cents each. Pens repaired every day. Address R. C. HILL,
s4 d6m Gold Pen manufacturer, Louisville, Ky.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY, AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—In Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelops, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. a25 dlm

IMPLEMENTS.

EIGHT-HORSE SWEEPSTAKES SEPARATOR AND CLEANER;
TWO AND FOUR HORSE LEVER POWER AND THRESHER;
CIDER-MILLS;
CUTTING BOXES;
VIRGINIA CORN-SHELLERS;
And a general stock of FARM IMPLEMENTS;
For sale at wholesale and retail by
PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

1,000 BUSHELS PRIME TIMOTHY SEED;
1,000 LBS WHITE FLAT DUTCH TURNIP SEED;
1,000 LBS PURPLE-TOP TURNIP SEED;
500 LBS LARGE WHITE GLOBE TURNIP SEED;
500 LBS PURPLE-TOP RUTA BAGA SEED;
In store and for sale at wholesale and retail by
PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, &C.

750 BBLS WHITE STONE LIME;
1,000 BBLS LOUISVILLE CEMENT,
100 BBLS CALCINED PLASTER;
50 BBLS LAND PLASTER;
50 BBLS WHITE SAND,
In store and for sale by
PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.
jy16 dtstf

J. HINZEN. E. ROSEN.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.

Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
mar12 dly

SURGEON-GENERAL HAMMOND,

By ordering Calomel and other destructive minerals from the supply tables, has conferred a blessing on our sick soldiers. Let him not stop here. Let him order the discontinuance of "Bleeding," and the use of BRANDRETH'S PILLS in the place thereof. Then will commence a "new era" in the practice of Medicine, which would then become emphatically
THE HEALING ART.

I have for thirty years taught that no diseased action could be cured by mercury or tartar emetic—that the human body could only be "made whole" by "vegetable food"—animal food being, in fact, condensed vegetables. BRANDRETH'S PILLS should be in every Military Hospital. These Pills cure BILIOUS DIARRHŒA, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, CHRONIC DYSENTERY, and all Fevers and Affections of the Bowels, sooner and more surely than any medicine in the world. BRANDRETH'S PILLS in these cases should be taken night and morning. Read Directions and get new style.

CASE OF ROSCOE K. WATSON.

Dr. B. Brandreth, New York:

SIR: I was a private in Co. F, 17th Regiment, New York Vols. While at Harrison's Landing, and on the Rappahannock near Falmouth, I and many of the company were sick with bilious diarrhœa. The Army Surgeon did not cure us, and I was reduced to skin and bone. Among the company were quite a number of members who had worked in your Laboratory at Sing Sing. They were not sick because they used Brandreth's Pills. These men prevailed upon me and others to use the Pills, and we were all cured in from two to five days. After this our boys used Brandreth's Pills for the typhus fever, colds, rheumatism, and in no case did they fail to restore health.

Out of gratitude to you for my good health, I send you this letter, which, if necessary, the entire Company would sign.

I am respectfully yours,
ROSCOE K. WATSON,
Sing Sing, N. Y.

Principal Office 294 Canal st., New York.
Sold by RAYMOND & TYLER, Louisville, and by all respectable dealers in medicine. ASK FOR NEW STYLE. jy25 eod3cowlm

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

☞ Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelop, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y. jul2 deod&weowly

WM. W. MORRIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY

WM. W. MORRIS & CO.,

465 MAIN ST., 105 CHAMBERS ST.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Notions, Stationery, Furnishing Goods, Sutlers' Goods,

AT EASTERN PRICES.
465 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.
aug17 dlsly

$100 REWARD.

☞ STOLEN FROM THE UNDERSIGNED, living in Woodford county, Ky., on Sunday night last, or the following morning, a small chestnut sorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, 13 years of age; no white marks recollected. She is a thoroughbred blood mare—this year barren, but believed now to be in foal. She is in good condition. I will give the above reward for the mare if taken out of the State and delivered to me, or $75 if taken in Kentucky and secured so that I can get her.

Address R. A. ALEXANDER,
Spring Station, Woodford co., Ky., or
R. O. PRIEST,
Chief of Police, Louisville, Ky.
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 29, 1863—s1 d6

Depot Quartermaster's Office.

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 31, 1863.

SEALED Proposals will be received at this office for furnishing mules to the Quartermaster's Department at this place, as follows:

Proposals will be opened at 12 M., September 10 h, 1863, for Lmules, which must all be delivered before the 25th of September, 1863.

Proposals will be opened at 12 M., September 21st, 1863, for 3 000 mules, which must all be delivered before the 20th of October, 1863.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

I, ——, of ——, County of ——, State of ——, agree to furnish the Quartermaster's Department, to be delivered and inspected at Louisville, Ky., with mules of the following specifications, viz:

Mules to be not less than three (3) nor more than nine (9) years old; all to be *fourteen and a half* (14½) *hands high or over;* a fair and active, and in all respects good, sound, serviceable mules.

I will furnish as follows, with the understanding that all or any part of this bid may be accepted, viz:

——, Mules at $—— each.

I enclose herewith my affidavit that I am not interested, directly or indirectly, in any other bid offered except the one to which I have subscribed my name.

A ——, B ——,

Each bid must be accompanied by a certificate of deposit in favor of the undersigned, at the rate of $5 for each animal bid for, or by good and sufficient security, that the bidder will enter into contract if awarded to him. These certificates of deposit will be returned to unsuccessful bidders, but in the case of successful bidders, they will be retained until completion of the contract, to be forfeited to the United States in case of non-fulfilment of contract. Where security is offered in lieu of certificates of deposit, bond will be required from successful bidders, at the date of entering into contract, as follows, viz: For all awards less than 200 mules, the bond will be $2,500, and if all awards over 200, at the rate of $10 per mule, and the amount of this bond will be retained until completion of the contract.

Contractors will be required to furnish a bond with the initials of their names, and to take the oath prescribed by act of Congress.

Contractors are required to provide Internal Revenue stamps for all bonds, affidavits, contracts, &c.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids deemed unreasonable.

Bids are invited for small or large lots.

W. JENKINS,
s1 d&w1sept19 Capt. & A. Q. M. U. S. Army.

Lost Certificate of Stock.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT A CERTIFICATE of five shares of stock in the Bank of Kentucky, Number 740, dated July 15, 1842, issued in favor of Nimin Kelsey, was lost or stolen about the 20th day of September, 1861, from the possession of Joseph J. Landes, commissioner, Hopkinsville, Christian county, Kentucky, and that six months from this date I shall apply to the said Bank for a new certificate in place thereof, and I hereby call on all persons to show cause why such new certificate shall not be issued. W. E. WARFIELD,
Adm'r of A. A. on N. E. Gray, dec'd.
ma19 d2aw6m

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theatre.

Corner Fourth and Green streets.

Geo. C. Eccles..... Stage Manager.
W. Macauley, Esq..... Business Manager.
Thos. Carey, Treasurer.

☞ Engagement of Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON, the great American tragedienne.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 8, the performance will commence with the play of CAMILLE, or the LADY OF THE CAMELLIA.
Camille..... Miss Charlotte Thompson.

To conclude with the Farce of
NAN, THE GOOD FOR-NOTHING.

In active preparation "CHOUSE HAVE SILVER LINING."

☞ Private Boxes $5 and $3. Dress Circle and Parquette 75 cents. Second Tier 25 cents. Gallery 20 cents. Colored Gallery 20 cents.

☞ Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7½.

Candy-Maker Wanted.

A NO. 1 CANDY-MAKER, WHO CAN COME well-recommended, and will go to Nashville, Tenn., can get a permanent situation and good salary. Apply at No. 724 Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth. s8 d6t

Wood's Theatre,

Corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

BUFFIELD & FLYNN..... Managers.
R. C. Grierson, Stage Manager. Ed Backer, Treasurer.

☞ PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cents; Second Tier 25c.

☞ Doors will open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise precisely at 8 o'clock.

☞ Re-engagement of the HOLMAN NATIONAL OPERA TROUPE for one week only.

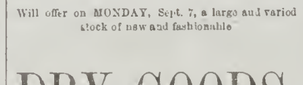
ON TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 8, will be presented the grand Opera of the
ARCADIAN GIRL,
In which Miss Sallie will appear, supported by the whole Troupe.

After which a variety of Singing, Dancing &c.

To conclude with the farce of
BACHELOR TORMENTS.

☞ Grand Matinee every Saturday afternoon.

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR.



Trotting against Time and Pacing,
ON THE LOUISVILLE FAIR GROUNDS,
13th, 16th, 17th, 18th, and 19th September, 1863.
TROT DAILY, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Two or more entries to make a contest. All the Trots and Pacing to Harness. Twenty per cent to name fee. All sock after coming, will be required to remain on the ground to the end of the week.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1863.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL TROTTING STAKE.

For stallions 3 years old and under..... $75 00
SAME DAY.
WALKER'S EXCHANGE PACING STAKE.
For horses, mares, and geldings..... $50 00

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.
GALT HOUSE TROTTING STAKE.
For stallions 4 years old and upward..... $100 00

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.
LOUISVILLE ASSOCIATION TROTTING STAKE.
For mares 4 years old and upward..... $75 00

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.
ST. CHARLES TROTTING STAKE.
For mares 3 years old or under..... $50 00

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19.
SHORESES TROTTING STAKE.
For geldings 4 years old and upward..... $75 00

Judges for each day will be appointed on the Fair Ground.

The Time and Awards of Premiums for all the above Speed Rings will be declared by the Marshal on Saturday afternoon, September 19, from the amphitheatre, and all the competing animals must be exhibited in the arena during the declaration of the Time and Awards. s8

NEW FALL GOODS.

S. BARKER & CO.,

317 Fourth street,

Would call especial attention to their stock of

Plain black Taffeta Silks;
" " Poult de Soie Silks;
" solid colored Taffeta "
Rich Droquet "
" solid colored double-faced Silks;
" Silk Robes;
Small checked Tafieta Silks, &c.

S. BARKER & CO.

S. BARKER & CO.,

317 Fourth street,

Will offer on MONDAY, Sept. 7, a large and varied stock of new and fashionable

DRY GOODS,

Which they will sell on the most reasonable terms, consisting in part of the following:

Lupin's Merinos of every color & quality;
English " " " " "
Peramatas " " " " "
Plain solid colored Lustres of every color and quality;
Plain solid colored Valours of every color and quality;
Figured Valours of every color and quality;
Satin plaid Valours of every color and quality;
Plaid Valencia;
Plaid Cashmere;
Shepherds' Plaids;
Harlequin's "
Plaid Poplins;
Plain Armure;
Striped Lustre;
Plaid "
Clocks and Shawls;
Flannels and Blankets;
Cloths and Cassimeres;

SCHOOLS.

POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL,

WEST PENN SQUARE, PHILADELPHIA,

FOR THOROUGH PROFESSIONAL TRAINING in the principles and practice of MINE, CIVIL, and MECHANICAL ENGINEERING—of Analytical and Industrial Chemistry—of Metallurgy and Architecture.

Practice in the Smelting and Analysis of Ores; in Mechanical Topographical and Architectural Drawing; in the Modelling of Machines, Bridges, &c., in Clay and Plaster and in the use of Engineering Instruments in the field, completes the instruction of the ample and lecture rooms.

The course on Military Engineering includes Field Fortifications, Siege Operations, Strategy, and Tactics.

Eleventh Annual Session begins September 15. For Catalogues and further information address

Lt. ALFRED L. KENNEDY, President at Faculty.

s2 d6&w2

SCIENCE HILL ACADEMY,

SHELBYVILLE, KY.

THE SEVENTY-EIGHTH (78TH) SEMI-ANNUAL session of this Institution will open on Monday, September 7, 1863. For circulars, giving full information, apply to Mrs. J. A. TEVIS, a19 d&wlm Principal.

Bethany College.

THE TWENTY-THIRD SESSION OF BETHANY COLLEGE will open on the first Monday in October next. Hitherto this institution has been entirely exempt from any military interruptions, and the promises are that it will continue to go on in entire freedom from disturbance of all kinds. The student can here prosecute his studies with as much tranquility as in times of the profoundest peace, and on this account Bethany College offers peculiar advantages. We earnestly invite the patronage of those who desire such quietude in the full assurance that they will not be disappointed.

s7 d1m&wlt* A. CAMPBELL, Pres't.

Kentucky Female College,

SHELBYVILLE, KY.

THIS INSTITUTION, OWNED AND BY THE BAPTISTS, will reopen on the second Monday in September, 1863, under the supervision of Rev. J. W. GOODMAN as Principal Proprietor. For Prospectus see circular or address J. W. GOODMAN, Shelbyville, Ky. s6d1&w2

(Louisville Democrat copy.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

University of Louisville.

THE 27TH ANNUAL SESSION WILL COMMENCE on the first Monday of October, and continue four months. For particulars address

J. W. BENSON, M. D., s4 d1m Dean of the Faculty.

Glendale Female College.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON the second Monday of September next. Its buildings and other accommodations are ample and elegant, its teachers in the literary and ornamental department are unsurpassed, its course of instruction is as thorough and extended as any other, and its patronage is among the best educated, many of them presidents and professors in the best Western male colleges. For catalogues, information, or admission direct to Rev. J. G. MONFORT, D. D., Glendale, Hamilton county, Ohio. a15 d&wlw

FEMALE INSTITUTE,

BLOOMFIELD, KY.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE OPEN ON MONDAY, September 7, 1863, under the care of Mrs. E. S. PHILLIPS, assisted by able and experienced Teachers.

TERMS:

Boarding and Tuition, forty weeks.....$110
Music extra. 45

For particulars address Mrs. E. S. PHILLIPS, Principal, Bloomfield, Ky.

N. G. THOMAS, President of Board of Trustees.

B. A. WILSON, Secretary. s3 d6*

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE,

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies,

Nos. 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

THE REGULAR COURSE OF INSTRUCTION embraces the English and French Languages and Literature—Latin if required—and all the branches which constitute a thorough English education, special attention being paid to the latter by the Principal, assisted by the best Professors.

French is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

The scholastic year commences September 15th and closes July 1st. For circulars and particulars apply to

s3 d1m* MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal.

ST. LOUIS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE REGULAR LECTURES IN THIS INSTITUTION will commence as usual, on the 2d of November. There will be a preliminary course in October. For further information or circular address

s15 d6w CHARLES A. POPE, Dean.

Medical Department OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE,

THE LECTURES IN THIS DEPARTMENT WILL commence on the first Monday in November next, and conclude the last day of February, 1864.

The times have added greatly to the importance of the Medical Profession, and the services of the junior members are in active demand.

Every effort will be made to sustain the established reputation of the institution for the thorough instruction of its pupils.

The absence from home of so many private preceptors has induced the Faculty to arrange for begin ners in the College.

Fees (invariably in advance):

For Tickets to the Course.....$105 00
Matriculation Fee..... 5 00
Graduation Fee..... 25 00
Dissecting Ticket..... 10 00

W. K. BOWLING, M. D., a31 d1m Dean of the Faculty.

Miss Lanham's Female Seminary,

Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ENSUING YEAR will commence on Monday, September 9, 1863. a26 d12

Mr. & Mrs. W. B. NOLD'S LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY

WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1863.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 40 WEEKS:

For the English course for Misses under 10 years of age.....$60
From 10 to 12 years of age..... 80
For all over 12 years of age..... 100
Boarding..... 200
Music, Modern and Ancient Languages, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra.

Terms payable quarterly in advance.

No deduction for absence. a27 d1tSep10

Louisville Female Institute,

Conducted by MR. and MRS. PERING, and assisted by their daughter, MISS CORNELIA S. PERING, Walnut street, between Second and Third, north side.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH (35) SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Monday, September 7, 1863.

TERMS.

Per session of twenty weeks, payable half in advance:

General English Education.....$30 00
Junior Department..... 16 00
Preparatory Department..... 12 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each..... 10 00
Instrumental Music..... 20 00
Lessons in Crayon, Water, or Oil Painting, each..... 1 00
Drawing gratuitous without extra charge.

No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. a24 d1m

SCHOOL.

MISSES H & L. HARBAROOX WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS on TUESDAY, September 1st, at their school-rooms, in the building situated on the north-east corner of Seventh and Walnut streets. Their course of instruction embraces English, French, Instrumental Music on Piano and Guitar, Vocal Music, Drawing, and Painting.

Private lessons will be given in any of the above branches.

For terms and circulars apply at the residence of the ladies, on the east side of Seventh, between Walnut and Chestnut streets. au1 d1tf

CENTRE COLLEGE,

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will be opened on the second Monday of September next. Tuition $33 per session of ten months. Boarding, including lights and washing, $2 75 to $3 75 per week. For catalogues apply to Prof. O. BARRY, Vice President, or to HEMAN H. ALLEN, Danville, Ky. a20 d1m

[Democrat copy one month and charge this office.]

REV. GEO. BECKETT'S INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES will reopen on Monday, September 14, 1863. For circulars address

a18 d1m* Rev. GEO. BECKETT, St. Matthews, Jefferson co., Ky.

MARY INSTITUTE.

THE PATRONS AND FRIENDS OF THIS School, desiring to secure its permanency, have generously contributed to purchase for its accommodation a very commodious building on Fourth street, near the Walnut Street Baptist Church, and opposite the Christian Church.

The second session will commence on Monday, September 14th, 1863, and close July 1st, 1864.

Believing that, at least while pursuing the elementary studies, the two sexes can be educated in the same school with more satisfactory results than when educated separately, I have decided to admit into the preparatory department most boys of good habits.

Terms per quarter (ten weeks), payable in advance:

For tuition in the preparatory branches.....$12 00
" in the Freshman or the Sophomore studies..... 16 00
" in the Junior or the Senior studies..... 20 00
" in Modern Languages..... 10 00

For lessons on Piano or Guitar..... 12 50

Board will cost from $1 to $3 per week.

For further information the public are respectfully referred to circular, and to the following Trustees of the school: Arthur Peter, James M. Bayless, Theodore H. Harris, J. H. Caldwell, John Hubbard, J. D. Guthrie, J. S. Phelps, William E. Glover, Elder D. P. Henderson, and Rev. D. H. Haywood.

a27 d1m SAM. G. MULLINS, Principal.

English and German Academy,

First st., between Walnut and Chestnut.

THIS SCHOOL WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, September 7. Beginners can only be accepted during the first week of the session.

a27 d15* C. J. KNAPP, Principal.

FEMALE ACADEMY of the URSULINES,

On Chestnut, between Shelby and Campbell sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

IN THIS INSTITUTION ARE TAUGHT ALL the higher and lower branches of the German and English languages, also French, with Vocal and Instrumental Music on the Piano and Guitar.

Pupils will be taught plain and Fancy Needle-work, Plain Sewing, Knitting, Crochet, Fillet-work, Embroidery, Tetton, Raised Zephyr-work, Dress-making, also Artificial, Hair, and Worsted Flowers, Wax Fruits and Flowers, Painting in Water colors, Glass and Oil Painting, &c.

Business letters to be address-d to

Rev. THEODORE STREHLER, Pastor of St Martin's Church, Shelby st., or to Mother SALESIA REITMEIR, Superior. ly8 d2m

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE,

SCOTT COONTY, KY.

THE FALL SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first Monday of September.

FACULTY:

D. R. CAMPBELL, LL. D., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Sciences.

DANFORD THOMAS, A M., Professor of the Greek and Latin Languages.

J. E. FARNHAM, A. M., Professor of the Natural Sciences.

J. J. RUCKER, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Mechanics, and Astronomy.

With a Faculty so eminent, advantages so great as are presented by this old institution, and freed from the disturbances occasioned by the war, we hope to have a good attendance. F. O McCALLA, Tr.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 1, 1863—d2m

[Democrat copy and charge this office.]

SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

AT AUBURNDALE, MASS.

THE Fall and Winter Term of this School, 10 miles from Boston, will commence the first Thursday of September. This School offers special advantages in several respects. For particulars address the Principal or send for a circular. Reference may be made to Rev. Mr. Haywood, of Louisville

Rev. J. E. WOODBRIDGE, jy21 d1&w Auburndale, Mass.

REMOVAL.

JOHN B. McILVAIN & SON HAVE REMOVED from their stall stand, corner of Seventh and Main streets, one square below Masterson's Block, opposite the Pickett Tobacco Warehouse. Having ample capacity for storage, we are prepared to make advances on flour on storage or sale.

We have increased facilities in our stock of Domestic Liquors and old and new Bourbon and Copper Whiskey of the best makes, which we offer at low prices to the trade. a27 d1m

SEED BARLEY.

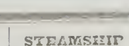
A FRESH LOT OF FALL BARLEY, FOR SEED, just received and for sale by

s2 dlm PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL.....Agents.



THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN,

WALTER PATON, Commander,

Will be despatched

FROM LIVERPOOL. FROM NEW YORK.

TUESDAY.....Aug. 12 | TUESDAY.....Sept. 8

and at intervals thereafter of about six weeks from each port.

First cabin, state-room berths, unsurpassed in point of elegance and comfort.....$95 to $150

Second cabin, state-room berths, furnished at separate tables.....$70

Excursion Tickets out and back, in the 1st and 2d Cabins, good for sixty days, $180 and $140.

Intermediate passengers and Children under twelve years of age half price. Infants free.

Third cabin.....$30

Steerage, with superior accommodations.....$25

Price of passage from Liverpool same rates as above.

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in U. S. currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. Any excess charged at the usual rates.

For passage only apply to

CHARLES A. WHITNEY, Passage Office, 26 BROADWAY, New York.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, Jn14 d3m 64 SOUTH street, New York.

FALL TRADE, 1862.

J. M. ROBINSON & CO.,

No. 516 Main street, Louisville,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

ARE IN RECEIPT OF A

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK,

To which they invite the attention of the Trade.

s28 d15

JAMES M. STEVENS, AGENT,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Foreign and Domestic

NOTIONS, &c.,

No. 628 Main st.,

Nearly opposite the Louisville Hotel

We are opening a large stock of

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SUSPENDERS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
BUTTONS,
THREADS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c.,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES FOR CASH.

We shall receive Goods every few days adapted to the wants of city and country merchants, keeping our stock full and complete.

SUTLERS will find a large stock of Goods in our house suited to their sales. au26 d3m

LARGE PUBLIC SALE.

OVER $200,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY OFFERED.

UNDER A DECREE OF THE FRANKLIN CIRcuit Court, a public sale will be made, at the residence of Thomas S. Pace, two miles from Frankfort, Kentucky, on the 8th day of September, 1863, viz:

50 head of Cattle—Milch Cows, Oxen, Bulls, and Steers.

37 Horses, Mares, Mules—broke and unbroke.

90 Sheep, and 110 head of Hogs—various ages.

1 Carriage, 1 Buggy, 1 Rockaway, 1 Express Wagon—with sets of Harness.

Wagon, Carts, &c., &c.

Agricultural Tools, Implements, and Machines.

Household and Kitchen Furniture.

A lot of seasoned Plank and Scantling.

A large lot of Stone Coal.

30 Slaves, of various ages—Children to be sold with their mothers.

Products of the Farm—consisting of Corn in the field, Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Hay, in the stack.

Many Vegetables in the soil.

If not previously sold, there will be offered

920 ACRES OF LAND,

well improved, all in a body. If not thus wanted, it will be offered in parcels, as follows:

1. About 250 to 300 acres, in the home place—a beautiful location—richly supplied with everything conducing to comfort, convenience, and pleasure—plants, trees, shrubs, and evergreens, decorating the grounds—large market garden—extensive buildings of frame-work, dwelling and servants' houses of large capacity. A greenhouse with furnace and fixtures. A mill, with French burrs and horse power.
2. A tract of about 70 acres—supposed to be about 15 acres in full bearing Catawba vines—vine dresser's houses—press house and fixtures—A large stone-arched wine cellar, with a full supply of wine casks, tubs, &c.
3. Another vineyard of about 40 acres—5 acres of which are in full bearing Catawba vines, with other fruits—comfortable tenant's house.

There is a contract with Mr. ——, a vine-dresser and wine-maker, running with these two last named tracts for about 15 years, which may be dissolved.

4. A tract of about 480 acres, binding on the Kentucky river, form ing an extensive cove skirted about with forest hillsides; a convenient but large; comfortable buildings of hewn logs and frame work; large orchard; two superior springs; well located to make an extensive hay farm, with capacity to produce over 400 tons annually. This tract, if inducement is offered, will be divided.

The lands and slaves will be offered at public sale on the day of sale, if not previously disposed of.

There is also offered at private sale the following lots and lands, viz:

1. 17 vacant lots in Chicago, Illinois.
2. About 2,000 acres of land binding on the Ohio river, in Oulon county, Ky., traversed by rich coal veins.
3. Undivided interest in 1 450 acres in Hopkins county, Ky., also extensive coal privileges near by, the whole estimated to be 3 to 10 feet in thickness.
4. About 1,000 acres of land, in Livingston county, Ky.
5. Lots in the city of Louisville.
6. A large brick residence in Frankfort.
7. An undivided interest in the Kanawha Coal and Oil Company.
8. Lots and block in La Crescent, Minnesota.
9. An undivided interest in valuable lands lying 12 miles from St. Louis, Missouri.
10. 1,000 acres of land in Henderson county, Ky.
11. Lots in Keokuk, Iowa.
12. Lands in Grayson county, Ky.
13. Three lots and house in Rumsey, Ky.
14. L ts in Bamibal, Missouri.
15. A large, undivided interest in extensive coal mines now being worked, lying at Lusby's landing, in Meigs county, Ohio, with other lands adjoining—said to be of great value.

TERMS OF SALE.—All sums under $10 each. In sales of real estate one-third is payable in one month, one-third in one year, one-third in two years—retaining a lien for the purchase money. The slaves on one year's credit. Personal property on nine months' credit. Bonds to be given, with good and sufficient security for the purchase money, to have the force and effect of replevin bonds, bearing 6 per cent. interest from date of sale, payable to the trustee.

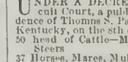
No property to be removed until satisfactory bonds are executed.

Mr. Page and Mr. Pearson, on the land, will exhibit anything above named for public sale.

If the sale is not thus brought then it will continue the next day, the 9th of September, 1863.

A. W. DUDLEY, a17 dtd Trustee of Thos. S. Page.

SHELBY HOUSE STOCK - YARD.



M. A. Downing,

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE BOURBON HOUSE for a number of years, together with H. C. HERR, have purchased the well-known Shelby House property, which they have thoroughly renovated and repaired and it is now one of the very best houses in the city. The Drove-Yard attached has been thoroughly repaired so that the sheds and fences are all new; water has also been introduced into all the lots, which will make it one of the most desirable and convenient places for horses, mules, cattle, hogs, and sheep in the country. They also have a large Livery Stable for the accommodation of guests and all who may see fit to call on them. The house and yard are centrally located for country people, so that dealers in the above-named business will do well to give them a call before going elsewhere. Stock sold on commission. a19 d1m*

FRENCH LANGUAGE.

PROFESSOR F. HAMEL, HAVING A FEW hours vacant in the afternoon, would like to employ them in imparting the knowledge of his vernacular language either to classes in a city academy or to private pupils.

His evening courses in French shall ha resumed on Monday, the 5th of September, 1863, at his residence, where he will be found every day, except Sunday.

Eighth st., east side, bet. Chestnut and Magazine, Or Female High School building from 8 to 11 o'clock A. M. a29 d3m

HAPPINESS OR MISERY!

THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE NEW YORK MUseum of Anatomy and Medical Science, 618 Broadway, New York, respectfully have determined, regard'ess of expense, to issue free (for the benefit of suffering humanity) FOUR of their most interesting publications, viz: Lectures on Marriage and its disqualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Law.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing Secretary of New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. ap9 d&wly

Louisville and Nashville Railroad,

IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WHO have business transactions with the Company that the administration of the Board is divided into two departments. Mr. H. McHENRY is the Superintendent of the Transportation Department, and attends to all matters relating to the movement of trains and the forwarding of freight and passengers, and Mr. Albert Fink is the Superintendent of the Machinery and Road Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the road, machinery, rolling stock, and motive power, and the completion and reconstruction of the road, bridges, etc. Both these officers are acting under the immediate direction of the President and Board of Directors. ja26 d&f JAMES GUTHRIE, President.

U. S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MILITARY GOODS

WOULD DO WELL TO CALL AT J. L. DEPPEN'S, northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, where they can find a choice assortment of DRESS and FATIGUE SUITS, either for Infantry or Cavalry, ready made, or by leaving their measure can have a suit made in a short time and in the best style at a reasonable price. He has also a large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS. d1f

SUGAR-CANE MILLS.

WE HAVE A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF THE latest improved Sugar Cane Mills on hand, which we offer low for cash.

PITKIN, WIARD, & CO., s20 d20 311 Main st.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } ss. No. 127.
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

WHEREAS, a libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1863, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, against

22 boxes Hopkins' Army Bitters;
2 do Stonewall Bitters;
25 do Blackberry Wine;
12 do Ginger Wine;
10 do Preserved Apples;

alleging, in substance, that said goods and articles were seized at Smithland, on water, in the District of Kentucky, on the 26th day of November, 1862, as forfeited to the United States; that said articles were shipped from the State of Kentucky on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1862, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the Act of Congress and the proclamation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and declared the rebellious portion of the State of the United States; and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested thereby, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 6th day of October, A. D. 1863, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, for H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.

JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated August 26, 1863. a26 d14

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } ss. No. 110.
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

WHEREAS, a libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1863, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States and for the use of Stephen Thornberry, Surveyor of the Port of Paducah, against

12 half bbls Spiritu ous Liquor,
2 bbls Essa. Hostetter's Bitters,
1 large box containing 25 small boxes Cigars,

alleging, in substance, that said goods and articles were seized on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1863, in the city of Evansville, in the District of Indiana, on or about the 25th day of February, A. D. 1863, by the Collector of Internal Revenue, within the Act of Congress and the proclamation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and against the regulations of the Treasury Department of the United States; and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested thereby, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 6th day of October, A. D. 1863, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, for H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.

JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated August 26, 1863. a26 d14

A LARGE SALE

OF

LAND & SLAVES.

IN OBEDIENCE OF A JUDGMENT OF THE Washington Circuit Court, in the case of James R. Hughes, assignee, against R. C. McChord, &c., rendered at the May term, 1863, I will sell, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on the 17th day of September next,

723 ACRES OF LAND,

situate in Washington county, two miles and a half north of Springfield, upon the Little Beech Fork. This land is first rate land and in first rate state of cultivation. 500 acres in fine timber and under excellent fencing. It has upon it a good brick dwelling house, several new stone negro houses and barn, and other desirable buildings; is well watered both for family and stock use; is in the best neighborhood in the county, convenient to church and schools, and is one of the most desirable farms in central Kentucky. It will be divided to suit purchasers. Also, at the same time one place, under the same judgment,

TWENTY-FIVE SLAVES,

including six men and six women, the balance children under 14 years of age. The slaves are known in the county to be the very best.

Also, 75 acres of Corn, a large lot of Wheat and Rye in the stack, and all the Hay on the place; and all the Stock, including horses, mules, cattle, and hogs, household and kitchen furniture, and other personal property belonging to said Mitchell.

The land will be sold on a credit of one and two years, the slaves and personal property on a credit of six months, both to bear interest from date, purchaser to give bond with approved security, having the force of a replevin bond. JAMES R. HUGHES, Commissioner.

s1 d4*

HENRY CHAMBERS & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

328 Main street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Offer at lowest Market prices:

Pure Drugs,
Prime Indigo,
Cream Tartar,
Cudbear,
Logwood,
Rosins,
Pure Wines,
Fine Bourbon Whisky,
&c., &c., &c.

Pure Medicines,
Prime Madder,
Soda,
Cochineal,
Red Arcols,
Pepper,
Pure Brandies,
Window Glass,
and Oils.

S. S. MARK. G. F. DOWNS.

MARK & DOWNS

RECEIVED THIS DAY—

Colored Rept Silks;
Black do;
White and figured Merinoes;
Braided Poplin Robes;
Plain De Laines and Merinoes;
All Wool Plaids;
Plaid Lustres;
Embroideries, Laces, and Trimmings;

For sale at low prices by

MARK & DOWNS, s2 Corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.

New Wholesale MILLINERY HOUSE

OF

L. & G. BRONNER & CO.,

No. 506 Main street,

Over J. F. & L. Bamberger's Dry Goods House

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHO HAVE HAD AN experience of years in the Millinery business, have opened the above establishment, where they will be able to supply Milliners and Merchants at the very lowest New York prices.

Dealers in Millinery and Straw Goods, such as Ready-made Bonnets, Hats, Shaker Hoods, Ribbons, Silks, Velvets, Flowers, Feathers, Head-Dresses, Nets, &c., will find it to their interest to call and examine part of the stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Being connected with one of the largest Importing and Jobbing houses in New York City, and having an experienced buyer constantly there, enables us to offer to the trade a stock of Goods superior in style and quality, and, above all, at lower prices than any other Millinery house selling in New York City.

Remember the place—

506 Main st., between Fifth and Sixth.

Fresh Goods and Styles received daily.

a28 d2m L. & G. BRONNER & CO.

206. [Copy-right Secured,] 206.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN THE ABOVE BRAND OF

PURE OLD BOURBON

AND OTHER

Kentucky Whiskeys.

206 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

The PURE GLEN LEA BOURBON can be had for MEDICINAL purposes from the following reliable Druggists:

John Kaye, corner of Preston and Chestnut.
Raymond & Tyler, Fourth, between Main and Market.
Spilker & Bro., Market, near Third.
Wm Nock, corner of Market and Second streets.
Geo. H. Cary, Market, between Third and Fourth.
H. Pressler, Market, between Fourth and Fifth.
H. F. Hartman, corner of Jefferson and Fourth.
Adolph Schmitt, corner of Market and Sixteenth.
E. H. Gibson, corner Broadway and Fourth.
E. G. Weil, corner of Fourth and Chestnut.

s1 d3m

ASTROLOGY.

Look Out! Good News for All!

THE NEVER-FAILING MADAME ISABEL SNELL is the best. She succeeds when all others have failed. All who are in trouble; all who have been unfortunate; all whose fond hopes have been disappointed, crushed, and blasted by false promises and deceit—call on her for advice and satisfaction.

In love affairs she never fails. She shows you the likeness of your future husband or wife. She guides the single on a happy marriage. Her wonderful advice have been solicited in innumerable instances, and the result has always been the means of securing a speedy and happy marriage. She is therefore a sure dependence.

It is well known to the public at large that she was the first and she is now the only person in this country who can show the likeness in reality, and who can give entire satisfaction on all the concerns of life, which can be attested and proved by thousands both married and single, who daily and secretly visit her. To all in business her advice is invaluable. She can foretell, with the greatest certainty, the result of all commercial and business transactions. Madame Snell is a *bona fide* Astrologist like every one can depend upon. She is the greatest Astrologist of the nineteenth century. Some ladies may be a little timid, though they need not fear, for she practises nothing but what is reconcilable to philosophers; in fact a single visit will satisfy the most fastidious of her respectability, moral rectitude, and of the purity of her profession and practice. All interviews are strictly private and confidential: therefore come, one—come, all.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Ladies one dollar; gentlemen two dollars.

P. S.—Madame Snell will tell the names and ages of all visitors, and will also cast their Horoscope and give them their destiny, and tell the place and time they will be most fortunate. Every person who cannot get along in this world and has had luck should be in possession of her Horoscope and get her written opinion of his future prospect in life.

Remember the place—509 Eighth street, second door above Greason street.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

P. S.—Madame Snell would inform her friends and the public that she has just published an Astrological Book by which every one can tell their own fortune, and which contains, beside the different ways of telling fortune, a variety of Parlor Magic and also a safe, sure, and effectual means of preventing conception, also of curing Impotence and Sterility. All who wish to purchase a book can find it by calling at her office, 509 Eighth street. jl2 d1y

JOHN H. GRIFFITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

Feed, Produce, Grain, Flour, &c.,

No. 312 Main st. bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Consignments solicited s5

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } ss. No. 129.
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

United States of America vs Blanton Duncan, &c.

WHEREAS, A PROCLAMATION HAS BEEN filed in the District Court of the United States within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1863, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, alleging that Blanton Duncan, since the 17th of July, 1862, has done the acts and committed the offences denounced by the 5th and 6th sections of the act of Congress, approved 17th July, 1862, entitled "An act to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, to seize and confiscate the property of rebels, and for other purposes," and that said Blanton Duncan, at the time he did said acts and committed said offences, owned the property following, viz:

Five hundred and thirty dollars and forty-six cents in the hands of R. G. Downey, Agent, &c., and three hundred and forty-one dollars and forty cents to accrue to said Duncan from property under control of said Courtney.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

No. of Deed.	Depth of Lots.	Location, &c.
feet.		
21½	210	N. Main, bet. Fifth and Sixth.
19-2-3	120	N. Main, bet. Fifth and Bullitt.
26 5-12	210	S. Main, bet. Fourth and Fifth.
32	210	S. Main, bet. Third and Fourth.
42⅔	317	S. Main, bet. Third and Fourth.
20¾	105	N. Main, bet. Second and Third.
31½	210	S. Main, bet. First and Second.
15	210	S. Main, bet. First and Second.
20 5-12	105	N. Main, bet. Fifth and Bullitt.
56⅔	284	N. Main, bet. First and Second.
22 7-12	13-5-12	N. Main, bet. Fourth and Bullitt.
35	210	N. Market, bet. First and Second.
20½	202	N. Market, bet. Preston and Floyd.
20¾	98	S. Market, bet. Third and Fourth.
40	210	S. Market, bet. Fifth and Sixth.
17	204	S. Market, bet. Third and Fourth.
2	160	S. Market, bet. Third and Fourth.
30	210	S. Jefferson, bet. First and Second.
20½	210	S. Jefferson, bet. First and Second.
20¾	105	Southwest corner Jefferson s First.
26	210	S. Jefferson, bet. Fourth and First.
30½	210	W. Fourth, bet. Main and Water.
2-5-8	39 2-12	E. Main, bet. Main and Water.
81⅓	231	E. Buchanan street.
280	198	Square 6, lots 3, 4, 5, and 6.

That the name of the owner of the premises forfeited to said United States, and being so forfeited the same has been seized and is now in the custody of the Marshal for said district.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby admonish all persons having or claiming any interest in said property, or having anything to say why the same shall not be condemned as forfeited and the proceeds ordered disposed of according to the prayer of said information, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next October term, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1863, then and thereto interpose their claims and to make their respective allegations in that behalf.

H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.

JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated August 26, 1863. a26 d10&w1

NOTICE.

THE STYLE OF OUR FIRM HERETOFORE known as A. F. CLARK & CO., is this day changed to that of CLARK & SMITH, and will continue the GROCERY and PRODUCE business as before on Market street, between Floyd and Brook.

A. F. CLARK, a24 d1m C. G. SMITH.

W. W. SHAW,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office east side of Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson.

All business attended to with care and despatch. a20 d2m*

J. R. DUPUY

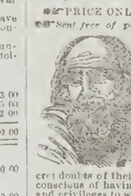
Attorney at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office on Jefferson street, near the Court House. Will also attend to Courts in Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, and Bullitt counties. ja20 d3m

MILITARY.

KENTUCKY VETERAN CAVALRY.



THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN AUthorized by the Governor of Kentucky to raise a regiment of Veteran Cavalry under general orders Nos. 191 and 216 from the War Department.

The regiment will be composed of men who have served nine months or more and who have been honorably discharged.

To the first man who may enlist in this regiment a bounty of *four hundred and two dollars* will be paid as follows:

1. Each recruit, upon being mustered into service, shall be paid one month's pay in advance..... $13 00
   First instalment of bounty..... 25 00
   1 remium..... 2 00
   Total payment on muster..... 40 00
2. At the first regular pay day, or two months after muster in, an additional instalment of bounty will be paid..... $50 00
3. At the first regular pay day after six months' service he shall be paid an additional instalment of bounty..... 50 00
4. At the first regular pay day after the end of the first year's service, an additional instalment of bounty will be paid..... 50 00
5. At the first regular pay day after eighteen months' service, an additional instalment of bounty will be paid..... 50 00
6. At the first regular pay day after two years' service, an additional instalment of bounty will be paid..... 50 00
7. At the first regular pay day after two and a half years' service, an additional instalment of bounty will be paid..... 50 00
8. At the expiration of the years' service the remainder of the bounty will be paid..... 75 00

IV. If the Government shall not require these troops for the full period of three years, and they shall be mustered honorably out of service before the expiration of their term of enlistment, they shall receive, upon being mustered out, the whole amount of bounty to which they would be entitled *as if the full term had been served.* The legal heirs of volunteers *who die in service* shall be entitled to receive the whole bounty remaining unpaid at the time of the soldier's death.

The term of service is three years or the war.

This is the *only regiment* of Veteran Cavalry to be raised in the State, and composed solely in the *only mounted regiment* which will receive the above splendid bounty. The inducements to enter this regiment are believed to be unequalled by those offered by any other organization.

Communications are requested from such officers as may desire to raise companies for the regiment, stating the number of recruits they can bring into the regiment, their term of service, and the regiment with which they have served, if mustered.

Full information will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

A furlough of *thirty days* is guaranteed such men as may re-enlist in this regiment as soon as the exigencies of the service will permit.

Camps of organization will be designated in due time. JOHN MASON BROWN,

Major 10th Ky. Cavalry, a13 d1m Post-office Frankfort, Ky.

Rally, Boys, Rally!

FOR YOU WILL NOT GET AN OPportunity to join the 3d Ky. Battery, Lieut German Deitweiler, of the 5th Kentucky Mounted Infantry, has consolidated with this Battery, and we are filling up rapidly. The camp is on Third street, in the grove near Park Barracks. The Battery is to be mustered in in a few days, when the officers will be selected.

Recruiting office on Market, between Second and Third streets. jy31 dtf JNO. W. NEVILLE, Captain.

ANTS TO BUY!

Those who do are invited to call at the

Wholesale GROCERY

AND

SUTLERS' SUPPLY STORE

OF

F. B. HASTINGS & CO.,

508 Main street,

North side, between Fifth and Sixth,

Where they will find a stock so large and of such great variety that it is impossible to enumerate articles or state quantities.

We are the Sole Agents in this city for

MILBANKS' CELEBRATED STOCK ALE.

jm1 d3m

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } ss. No. 122.
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY.

United States of America vs Bl